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MR. STEWART TO THE PRESIDENT.

A Vigorous Answer to The Goldbug Letter--The Challenge to a Definite Battle Accepted.

SOME POINTED QUESTIONS.

And Then Some Accusations---Striking Passages Remembered And Quoted---That Sale of Bonds --What is Sound Money?---Why The Long epression.

Senator Stewart, of Nevada, through The World, addresses the following open letter to Mr. Cleveland:

"Washington, D C, April 15, '95.

"Mr. President: Your letter of the 12th inst., addressed to Messrs W. T. Baker, George W. Smith and others, of the Chicago committee, is timely. The country looks to you as the great champion of the present financial condition of the country. The policy for which you have labored so long and so persistently has been established, and the money of the United States is reduced to the shrinking volume of gold.

"You say: 'What is now more needed than anything else is a plain and simple presentation of the argument in favor of sound money.'

"The truth of this proposition cannot be denied. If there is any argument in favor of the sound-money policy which you have adopted and forced upon the country, it should be presented at once. You have urged upon the country in all your public utterances for the last ten years the necessity of sound money. You have excited the curiosity of the people by your frequent use of such phrases as 'sound money' and 'safe currency,' but you have never condescended to satisfy that curiosity by stating what those terms mean, or what is 'sound money, or 'safe currency.'

"You say: 'If the sound money sentiment abroad in the land is to save us from mischief and disaster it must be crystallized and combined and made immediately active. It is dangerous to overlook the fact that a vast number of our people with scant opportunity thus far to examine the question in all its aspects, have nevertheless been ingeniously pressed with specious suggestions, which, in this time of misfortune and depression, find willing listeners prepared to give credence to any scheme which is plausibly presented as a remedy for their unfortunate condition."

WHAT IS SOUND MONEY?

"You are right. In this time of misfortune and depression the people are willing to listen to any remedy for their unfortunate condition It is gratifying to know that you have learned that this is a time of misfortune and depression and that you know that sound money is the remedy. If you would kindly tell the people what sound money is, they would understand the remedy you propose and could form their own opinions as to its probable efficency.

"In your letter to Gov. Northern of Sept. 27, 1893, you said: 'I want good, sound and stable money and a condition of confidence that will keep it in use. * * * I am therefore opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver by this country alone and independently, and I am in favor of the immediate and unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause of the so called Sherman law. I confess I am astonished by the opposition in the Senate to such prompt action as would relieve the present unfortunate situation.'

WHY THE LONG DEPRESSION?

"The opposition in the Senate at which you were astonished was overcome and the prompt action which you declared would relieve the unfortunate situation was obtained more than eighteen months ago, and the then 'present unfortunate situation' to which you alluded has continued and is now 'this time of misfortune and depression.' Your confident prediction that the repeal of the Sherman act would relieve the 'unfortunate situation' rallied to your support the commercial press, the boards of trade and the dealers in money and bonds called business men, and enabled you, with the power and patronage of your great office, to overcome the opposition in the Senate which astonished you. The people naturally look to you for an explanation why the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act did not relieve the 'unfortunate situation' as you predicted.

"Your present plan of relief is 'a plain and simple presentation of the argument in favor of sound money.' Why do you not present that argument, and say what 'sound money' is? Are you unwilling to trust the people with a plain statement of what you mean, or are you using terms which you yourself do not understand?

"If the former, it reflects upon your good faith; if the latter you are advising others to use arguments which you yourself are unable to present. You say: 'Disguise it as we may, the line of battle is drawn between the forces of safe currency and those of silver monometallism'

THAT SALE OF BONDS.

"Your recent sale of $62,000,000 of bonds to the Rothschild syndicate for $9,000,000 less than their market value to obtain gold to maintain gold monometallism is some evidence of your familiarity with 'the forces of safe currency. But your assertion that the opposing forces are those of silver monometallism shows that you do not understand the position of the bimetallists, or that you knowingly misrepresent their position. Assuming, as I must, that it is want of information on your part, without the least desire to deceive the people, you will pardon me for informing you for what the advocates of unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver contend. This contention is so clearly stated by your Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Carlisle, in his speech in the House of Representatives on the 21st of Februry, 1878, that his exact words have become the motto of the bimetallists. He contended for 'unlimited coinage of both metals upon terms of exact equality.'

"This is the contention of the forces in favor of bimetallism and opposed to gold monometalism, and this is the full extent of the demands of the advocates of silver coinage.

A VOLLEY OF QUESTIONS.

"Why do you argue that a return to the coinage of both metals upon terms of exact equality as established by Jefferson and Hamilton and maintained by all patriotic statesmen of every party previous to the clandestine demonetization of silver in 1873, would debase the currency and destroy the credit of the Government?

"Have you ever compared the prosperity of the country under your illustrious predecessors, who maintained unrestricted coinage, of both metals with the 'unfortunate depression' which afflicts the country under your administration?

"Did it ever occur to you that Jefferson and Jackson might be right, and that you might be wrong?

Did you ever consider the possibility of the radical change that you, Mr. Sherman, and your associates, in co-operating with what you term the 'forces of safe currency' have made?

ACCUSATIONS NEXT.

"You have disregarded not only the teachings of the fathers of the Republic, but you have reversed the usages and customs of the civilized world which existed for thousands of years previous to 1873.

"You have destroyed one-half of the world's metallic money and enhanced the value of the other half fully 100 per cent.

"You have the debtor to surrender in order to liquidate his debt more than double the amount of property that the money he borrowed would have purchased at the time he incurred the obligation.

"You have increased the value of gold by refusing the use of both metals as money, and created a constant decline of prices until you have ruined enterprise and deprived labor of employment and produced universal distress.

You now call upon the Democrats of Illinois to present 'a plain and simple argument' which will satisfy the people that a financial policy which makes them miserable is 'sound money and safe currency.'

"If you know such an argument, why do you not produce it? If you know any argument that will convince the people that it is right for them to suffer depression and hard times while all the wealth they produce is absorbed by the dealers in bonds and manipulators of money, it is your duty to present that argument without delay. Such an argument would be a new discovery, and one never before used by any advocate of your sound money forces.

"YOUR SUPERIOR WISDOM."

"If you can show that the contraction of the volume of money of ultimate payment to gold alone has made times prosperous, nobody else can. It all depends upon your superior wisdom. The country is looking to you, and you alone, to explain why times are hard under your 'sound currency' policy You have delayed the explanation too long. The country is getting impatient. It is encouraging that you appreciate the necessity for prompt action.

"You say: 'If the sound money sentiment abroad in the land is to save us from mischief and disaster it must be crystallized and combined and made immediately active' You are right. Your sound money gold monometallism is in danger, but when crystallized and combined the danger will be greatly increased unless your 'plain and simple presentation of the argument in favor of sound money' is immediately presented.

"As the case now stands your crystallization and combination of the sound money sentiment which you say 'is abroad' might confine it to the banks and money-changers and leave the people of the United States outside of the charmed circle of the forces of gold monometallism. Whatever may happen, you are entitled to the gratitude of the American people for your bold and open advocacy of the combination of gold monometalists against the doctrine of your Secretary of the Treasury of the coinage of both gold and silver upon terms of exact quality.

COURAGEOUS AT LEAST.

"You are doing what no other President has had the courage to do since the crime of 1873. None of your predecessors since that deplorable event has dared to advise a combination of gold monometallists against the constitutional right of the American people to have coined at the mints both gold and silver, and thereby to enjoy a sufficient supply of money of ultimate payment to do the business of the country, sustain enterprise and furnish employment for labor.

"Your confidence in your wisdom and ability is sublime when, under present conditions, you are willing to challenge comparison between your policy and that of the founders of the Democratic party which placed you in power. If you could point to any benefit you have been to the country your task would be much easier; but, in view of the universal distress, your courage far exceeds your discretion unless you present your reasons for gold monometallism without delay.

"There must be something in these reasons besides the catch phrases 'sound money,' 'parity,' 'incontrovertability,' 'national credit,' patriotic devotion,' 'party' and the like. Such talk is stale and can no longer restrain the people from just indignation against the combination which has deprived the young and enterprising of all opportunity to acquire wealth and independence, and plunged the country into misery and want.

"Are you aware that every professor and student of political economy except those in the employ of gold monopoly, in Europe and America, are in favor of the coinage of both gold and silver upon terms of exact equality, and that the advocates of gold monopoly have nothing to present in favor of their cause except

[Continued on Fourth Page.]

THE GREAT FIGHT IS ON.

The Democratic President Has Sounded the Keynote for the Campaign of '96.

THE PEOPLE VS. PLUTOCRACY.

The Man Who was Pledged to Free Silver--Turns His Face to the Golden Calf--Some Facts in the Records of Both Man and Party---Line up for the Struggle.

Grover Cleveland was recently invited by a number of business men, of Chicago, to visit that city.

One hundred prominent citizens, *both Democrats and Republicans*, sent an invitation to the President on April 6th, stating that they were anxious to express their deep sense of appreciation of his statesmanlike and courageous action in *maintaining the financial credit of our nation*, and his attitude in favor of the preservation of *sound* national *currency*.

Mr. Cleveland could not accept the invitation, but he wrote a letter, from which the following is taken:

Gentlemen: I am much gratified by the exceedingly kind and complimentary invitation you have tendered me on behalf of many citizens of Chicago to be their guest at a gathering in the interest of sound money and wholesome financial doctrine.

My attachment to this cause is so GREAT, and I know so well the hospitality and kindness of the people of Chicago, that my personal inclination is strongly in favor of accepting your flattering invitation.

I hope, however, the event will mark the beginning of an aggressive effort to disseminate among the people safe and prudent financial ideas.

The situation we are confronting demands that those who appreciate the importance of this subject—and they ought to be the first to see impending danger—should no longer remain indifferent or overconfident.

If the sound money sentiment abroad in the land is to save us from mischief and disaster, it must be crystallized and combined and made immediately active.

What is now needed more than anything else is a plain and simple presentation of the argument in favor of sound money.

If our people were isolated from all others, and if the question of our currency could be treated without regard to our relations to other countries, its character would be a matter of comparatively little importance.

If the American people only concerned in the maintenance of their precious life among themselves, they might return to the old days of barter, and in this primitive manner acquire from each other the materials to supply the wants of their existence.

But if American civilization was satisfied with this, it would abjectly fail in its big and noble mission.

In these RESTLESS DAYS the farmer is tempted by an assurance that, though our currency may be debased, redundant, and uncertain, such a situation would improve the price of his products.

Let us remind him that he must buy as well as sell; that his dreams of plenty are shaded by the certainty that if the price of the things he has to sell is nominally enhanced, the cost of things he must buy will not remain stationary; that the best prices which cheap money proclaims are unsubstantial and elusive, and even if they were real and palpable, he must necessarily be left far behind in the race for their enjoyment.

It ought not to be difficult to convince the wage-earner that if there were benefits arising from a degenerate currency they would reach him least of all and last of all. In an unhealthy stimulation of prices, an increased cost of all the needs of his home must belong to his portion, while he is at the same time vexed with vanishing visions of increased wages and an easier lot. The pages of history and experience are full of this lesson.

An insidious attempt is made to create a prejudice against the advocates of a safe and sound currency by the insinuation, more or less directly made, that they belong to financial and business classes, and are therefore not only out of sympathy with the common people of the land, but, for selfish and wicked purposes, are willing to sacrifice the interests of those outside their circle.

I believe that capital and wealth, through combination and other means, sometimes gain an undue advantage, and it must be conceded that the maintenance of a sound currency may in a sense be invested with a greater or less importance to individuals according to their conditions and circumstances.

Disguise it as we may, the line of battle is drawn between the forces of safe currency and those of silver mono-metalli m.

I will not believe that, if our people are afforded an intelligent opportunity for sober, second thought, they will sanction schemes, that, however cloaked, mean disaster and confusion, nor that they will consent, by undermining the foundation of a safe currency, to endanger the beneficent character and purposes of their government.

Yours, very truly,

GROVER CLEVELAND.

Every man in the land should study this letter.

Every man should note carefully that this goldbug president speaks of gold mono-metallism as "sound currency." He should also note that "free coinage of silver" is referred to as *silver monometallism*.

REMEMBER THESE FACTS, TOO.

Let it be remembered that the President who writes this letter was elected on, at least a *bimetallism platform*, if not a free silver platform Here is what that platform (1892) says:

"We denounce the Republican legislation known as the Sherman act of 1890 as a cowardly makeshift fraught with possibilities of danger in the future which should make all of its supporters, as well as its author, anxious for its speedy repeal. We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discrimination against either metal or charge for mintage, but the dollar unit of coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, or be adjusted through international agreement or by such safeguards as shall insure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals, and the equal power of every dollar at all times in markets and in the payment of debts; and we demand that all paper currency shall be kept at par with and redeemable in such coin."

This is what the Democratic party promised the people. This is the platform on which Grover Cleveland and a Democratic Congress were elected.

MORE THINGS TO BE REMEMBERED.

Let us remember, further, that although Congress had for years absolutely refused to listen to the farmers and working people of the country; that petition after petition was sent there from the masses; that relief was asked through the sub-treasury plan or something better; that every effort was made by the honest, hard-working, wealth-producing yeomanry and people of the land to get a hearing and secure consideration at the hands of their national representatives. Let us remember that the practical answer to all these efforts was:

Legislation cannot help YOU. Go back home, WORK HARDER, MAKE MORE and KEEP OUT OF POLITICS.

Friends, citizens, fellow-countrymen everywhere—do you remember?

LET'S REMEMBER STILL FURTHER.

Do you remember the beginning of the "Rich Man's Panic in 1893?" Do you remember how bankers, money-lenders, speculators, gamblers, and shylocks everywhere raised a cry of hard times and distress? Do you remember that they poured petition on petition (not on Congress in session) but on the President to CALL AN EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS to give them relief? Were they told that *legislation cannot help* YOU? Were they told to go back home; WORK HARDER, MAKE MORE and KEEP OUT OF POLITICS. Friends and fellow-citizens do you

REMEMBER WHAT WAS DONE?

Listen! A *special session* of Congress was call'ed. A Democratic President called a Democratic Congress together to give relief to the banks &c. Was ever such a thing done for the hard-working wealth-producing people of the United States? Are you thinking about these things now? Listen! That Congress—that President, squarely, unequivocally and as the people thought, honestly pledged "to the coinage of both gold and silver without discrimination against metal or charge for mintage"—deliberately, openly and brazenly struck from silver all the little life they found in it, and left this country financially speaking, on a contracted gold basis, the results of which, during the past two years ought to convince any sane man that, if per isted in, will reduce the masses of the people to poverty—then beggary—then slavery. Do you see it? Are you studying and thinking of these matters? Are you a man? Do you want to be a freeman? Think, think, oh men of Carolina; for God's sake—for humanity's sake, think—and then if you *are* a man, ACT. There can come a time when it will be too late to think or act.

ONCE MORE REMEMBER.

That Grover Cleveland sold $62,000,000 of four per cent thirty-year bonds for $9,000,000 less than they were worth in the market. That he sold these bonds to English shylocks through the agency of Francis Lynde Stetson, his *former law partner*. He made the sale by a secret deal without consulting Congress or the country. By this secret dicker made by Cleveland and his secretary, Carlisle, the country was robbed of $9,000,000 To say that Cleveland and his secretary received no part of the stolen money is the same as to charge them both with being idiots; but they are not idiots, and therefore must have each received a liberal part of the money which was stolen. These high officials stand before the honest, intelligent world as thieves, and there is no word of milder meaning that is at all adequate to express the character of their crime.

THE KEY-NOTE FOR '96.

The goldbug press, both Democratic and Republican have taken Cleveland's leiter as the "key-note" for the campaign of 1896. The Philadelphia Times says:

"Disguise it as we may, the line of battle is drawn between the forces of safe currency and those of silver mono-metallism." That sentence in the President's Chicago letter is regarded by political leaders as a campaign key-note for 1896 and as a warning to the rabid, populistic free silver element which is endeavoring to dominate and destroy the Democratic party. The President and the sound money wing of the Democratic party intend to offer no sop to the silver men this year, next year, or at any other time.

The New York Times says:

The gist of the President's letter to the friends of sound money in Chicago is contained in these two paragraphs:

"I hope, however, the event will mark the beginning of an aggressive effort to disseminate among the people safe and prudent financial ideas. Nothing more important can engage the attention of patriotic citizens, because nothing is so vital to the welfare of our fellow countrymen and to the strength, prosperity, and honor of our nation.

"The situation we are confronting demands that those who appreciate the importance of this subject, and those who ought to be the first to see impending danger, should no longer remain indifferent or overconfident."

In confronting an enemy so numerous and alert, overconfidence would be an unpardonable breach of the rules of prudence and safe tactics.

Mr. Cleveland has spoken the needed word. For two years at least, unless a Republican Congress can muster a two-thirds vote for the silver standard, a Democratic President will shield us from commercial disaster and national dishonor.

And this is what a man does in 1894-95, when he was pledged to an exactly opposite policy in 1892—and was elected on that expressed policy.

SOME ANSWERS TO THE LETTER.

The goldbug demagogy in Cleveland's letter has not gone unchallenged or unanswered:

W H. Harvey, author of "Coin's Financial School," says in reply:

You call the attention of farmers and wage-earners to the fact that the rising prices, while enabling them to sell their products and labor at a higher price, will also cause them to pay equally more for what they may purchase, but you neglect to say that your statement is not applicable to debts. With prices coming down regularly and steadily since the demonetization of silver, our merchants, manufacturers, and people generally have been doing business on a falling market, so that the time intervening between the purchase of their merchandise or raw material and placing it months after on the market has removed the margin they would have otherwise made. This shrinkage in values, added to the ordinary risk and expense of business, has led to an ever-increasing volume of debt, to a money lending period, until it has increased all told, public and private, to about $40,000,000,000, or about two thirds of the total value of all the property in the United States We have constantly pointed the people to the ever-increasing interchangeable value of the creditor's dollar and to the reason why it was increasing, but the influence of these creditors have DOMINATED your administration, and you insist on such a currency as they have established as a SOUND currency. It means the CONFISCATION of the property of the people by the sale of property under MORTGAGES, judgments and EXECUTIONS. It means that fixed incomes will wipe out the interest of hundreds in our railroads and corporations.

If it is an injustice to restore prices so that people can exchange their property for a sufficient number of dollars to pay their debts and bring happiness and prosperity to our land again, it was a greater injustice to destroy the value of property and enhance the value of money by the demonetization of silver and the establishment of a single gold standard. The gentlemen who invited you and who petitioned you, only represent one class of our people. We respectfully submit that it was safer that all the people should do the thinking for it, than that any class should do it for them. The selfish interests predominate to promote selfish acts, to-wit: when one class does the thinking for all. We agree with you that it is time for the people to reason together and to that end we respectfully ask that you make it possible for them to get printed copies of the act of 1792 on which our forefathers based our financial system and subsequent acts, together with the act of 1873, that reversed the former policy and acts subsequent thereto,

[Continued on 4th page.]

TRAITS OF SOUTHERN CHARACTER.

Some Reflections by a Northerner Who Has Been Travelling Leisurely Through the South.

Washington Post.]

An observant Northerner has been travelling leisurely in the South and in a somewhat lengthy and altogether interesting letter to the New York Sun, gives some of the results of his observations. He calls special attention, for instance, to the distinctively American character of the people:

"It is remarkable that Populism, with its doctrine of dependence on a paternal government, should have gained any foothold among this proud and self-reliant population, now the most peculiarly American in the whole Union. The faces of the crowds collected at the railway stations are almost wholly of a distinctly American type and indicative of a long American lineage, except where they exhibit the African features. They are strong and well-modeled faces, and the physical development generally is vigorous and enduring. Seeing them, nobody need be surprised that the rebellious South was able to gather together armies incomparable in their fortitude. If there is anywhere a notion that this climate tends to the enfeeblement of the people, the experience of the civil war and present observation in all parts of the South proves it to be utterly baseless. The young men of the country districts are almost invariably notable specimens of athletic manhood. Their grasp is strong and firm, their movements are much freer and more graceful than we are accustomed to see in similar regions at the North, and they give all the evidences of an enduring and commanding race. Their habit of riding and of pursuing the chase, of hunting and shooting gives them a "set up" which we do not see among the young fellows in our Northern farming communities. It also makes them bold and self-reliant, accustomed to surmount physical obstacles, and inured to hardship. They constitute superior examples of the English race, for, in general, the Southern white population is made up of the old American stock of English descent, strengthened and enlivened by strains of the Irish, Scotch, Teutonic and Huguenot blood of colonial times. The later admixture of foreign elements has been comparatively trifling."

The writer then refers to one social aspect which invariably arrests the notice of intelligent strangers and which constitutes perhaps the most attractive feature of Southern character—the kindness of feeling and the good will that prevails without regard to worldly conditions:

"The Democratic character of society is also preserved here more fully than at the North, certainly than in the more Eastern States. The malignant envy and jealousy of prosperity which has been imported into the North during the last generation, and is exotic, does not exist here, so far as concerns the feeling of the Southern people toward each other, though it may be that there is some such sentiment regarding the superior material wealth of the North. Usually the relations of the people in their social and business intercourse are distinctly and, to me, charmingly democratic. Even where the old slave-holding aristocracy existed, its members were without arrogant assumption. No ostentatious display of wealth was made, and really there was no wealth, as measured by the Northern fortunes of the present time. The people were then, and they are now, without the cautious reserve to which we are accustomed to at the North, with its heterogeneous population. They know each other as people who have been 'raised' in these communities from families long established here, and they meet on terms of equality, every one respectful of the rights and regardful of the dignity of his neighbor, though they may be widely separated in material condition. Nobody is afraid that he will compromise himself by being too civil. So long as they are fellow-Southerners there is a bond between them which cannot be broken by any accidental and artificial social classification. In this respect the tone of Southern society reminds one of New England in my early youth before the great flood of immigration began to pour in, and when every community was made up of American-born people, all speaking the English language, homogeneous, and of a kindred spirit."

The Post has frequently adverted to these typical Southern peculiarities as representing the real American that has survived foreign admixture and the artificial development of modern times. The South is now the one section of the country in which one hears only the English language, sees only American faces, and encounters a distinct and homogeneous people. No prophet is needed to tell us that when the day comes—as it surely will—in which our institutions must fight for existence, their safest reliance and their most ardent and spontaneous championship will be found in the South.

Speaking of the relations between the races, the Sun's correspondent affirms the proposition so frequently made in these columns:

"I find the relations between the two races more harmonious than when I was here last. They are altogether friendly and considerate, so that now there is no other laboring population in the world which, on the whole, is on better terms with its employers. When I went to the ticket office at Richmond on my way Southward, a typical Virginian of the kind naturally addressed hereabouts as 'colonel,' was buying a second class ticket, which admitted him to the smoking car. Going into the car afterwards to smoke a cigar, I found him sitting very contentedly by the side of a negro, with whom he occasionally spoke in a very pleasant manner; and I observed several examples of the same sort of relations between the races, the occupants of the car being about equally divided between whites and blacks. During my whole trip I have seen no indication of unfriendly feeling on either side. Of course, the sort of equality which many of the negroes expected to enjoy when they were first made free has not come to them and they have now learned that it will not come; but they are treated by the whites of the more intelligent kind with an indulgence and a consideration which they do not receive at the North, and which the laboring population generally do not obtain."

Dr. Richmond M. Smith, professor of Greek, Hebrew and Sanskrit in Randolph-Macon College, Ashland Va., having taken the position that he does not fully believe in the divinity of Christ, and that all of the Scriptures are inspired, has tendered his resignation, and the board has signified their intention of accepting it.

The results of the last national election show that the total number of Representatives elected to the Fifty-fourth Congress was 364 of which 244 were Republicans, 104 Democrats and 17 Populists. The Northern and Western States furnished 221 of this number and the remaining 135 were elected from the South. Only 12 Democrats of the 104 come from the Northern and Western States; the other 92 are residents of the South.

THE CAUCASIAN WILL MAKE IT HOT FOR ENEMIES OF REFORM ALL THIS YEAR. IF YOU WANT TO KEEP POSTED IN REFORM WORK, SEND US YOUR NAME FOR A YEAR.

The WEEKLY CAUCASIAN $1.00 per year.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Various Matters on Which the Popular Opinion is Expressed. All Sections Interested.

LIVING ISSUES FORWARD.

Contempt and Ridicule for the Democratic Press---Standing by the Demands---Thanks for Restoration of the Alliance Charter---"Slam Bang's" Troubles.

It Would Take a Year to Tell It.

For the Caucasian.]

SILER CITY, N. C., April 10.—Will you please be kind enough to give me a brief history of the capitalist bribing the Congress and North Carolina legislature the last few years? I want to know the bills they pass in favor of the capitalists, railroads and trust companies. How much money used in the last Presidential election to get Grover Cleveland in office. I hope you will comply with my request.

The CAUCASIAN is a good paper and I must read it every week.

J. O. LESTER.

[The CAUCASIAN has week after week been exposing Democratic corruption and will continue to do so, but it is too big a job to even outline it all in one issue.—ED.]

Standing by the Demands.

For the Caucasian.]

The following resolutions by Vance county Alliance have been sent us for publication:

"Seeing from published interviews with various Alliance leaders that there appears to be a disposition to set aside as a whole the Alliance demands and to substitute a single issue—finance.

Now, therefore, we, the members of Vance County Alliance, at a regular meeting held in the town of Henderson, this the 11th day of April, 1885, do resolve,

1st, That we re-endorse the St. Louis demands and that we are opposed to changing them in any way

2nd. That we call upon all good Alliancemen to see that our demands are not compromised away. And we hereby serve notice that we will not follow the leadership of any person proposing to do so.

3rd. That we hereby tender our thanks to the legislature for the consideration shown the people's interest at its recent session, especially for the law restoring our charter.

The Shoe Factory.

For The Caucasian].

The following has been sent us from Vance County Alliance:

"We, the Alliance of Vance county, in regular session assembled this 11th. day of April, 1895, do endorse the Alliance Shoe Factory, and we recommend to the sub-Alliances of our county and to individual Alliancemen that they take stock in the enterprise."

Notes From "Slam Bang."

For the Caucasian.]

GRANTVILLE, N. C., April 12—Your paper ought to go to every man in the State. All this country ought to take it as an educator on voting in the year 1896. Speechmaking would not do half so much good.

Jas. Brachboard, a well digger was covered with walling rock to the depth of thirty-five feet. The well in which he was caught was fifty feet deep. He remained there for seven hours before the rock was all taken off of him. He was only slightly hurt.

We had a hail storm this week with hail as large as guinea eggs—broke out lights, split shingles, killed ducks, and chickens, etc., etc.

Mad dogs have bitten stock here Six cows and ten or fifteen sheep have been killed. The dog did his work at night and passed on Dozens of dogs have died since by bullets and clubs The man in the well was at Mars Hill; so was the hail storm, and then came the mad dog trouble.

Our Democratic friends in their effort to find something to how about have stumped their toe nails all off. The Douglass resolution took off the nails. Then came the assignment root and other stumps Poor fellows! They have stooped to tie up their sore toes before they start out again. What will be next I cannot say. From what their papers say, enough Populists will go back to them in this State to elect them a President in 1896.

SLAM BANG.

The Best Yet.

For the Caucasian.]

LA GRANGE, N. C., April 12.—I am a Republican but I like your paper very much. It is the best Populist paper I have read. It is getting better. Your last week's issue (April 11th.) is the best. You are giving it to the Democrats just about right. Let the good work go on until Gabriel blows his horn

ALBERT MILLER.

The Alliance Charter and Gov. Carr.

For the Caucasian.]

SMITH CREEK ALLIANCE, No. 351 Warren county.—The undersigned, having been appointed a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the feeling of this Alliance as to the course pursued by the legislature just closed, we beg leave to report the following resolutions:

"Resolved, 1st., That we extend to them our sincere thanks for the restoration of the Alliance charter to its former standard—as it was before it was tampered with by the legislature of 1893

"Resolved, 2nd., That we denounce the action of Governor Carr in refusing to receive a committee of the National Alliance upon the grounds as set forth by him.

J. H. WHITE,
G. H. FLEMING,
J. H. MAYFIELD.
Committee"

Oine, N. C.

A Bad Paper.

For the Caucasian.]

SNOW HILL, N. C., April 20.—Simon pure Democrats say the CAUCASIAN is the meanest and outlyingest paper they ever read, and if they could believe the Democrats were half as mean as you make them appear, they never would vote for them again. I wish I were able to send a sample copy of the CAUCASIAN to my Democratic friends now and then.

They tell me I am too honest a man to belong to the Populist party Why that is the reason I am in it. I do not believe it is right to take things that do not belong to me. This is 'unconstitutional' like every thing else the Populists have done. I am willing to give half the stick when I tote with a man, and think every man should. J. T. HOLMES.

The "Tariff" off of "shorts."

For the Caucasian.]

HOBUCKEN, Pamlico County, April 22nd '95.—The farmers are busy planting corn.

Irish Potatoes are coming up.

The oystermen have come in. The price of oysters is so low, that catching them is not profitable.

Corn is selling for forty five to fifty cents per bushel.

The Democrats are howling in this county.

A few second class Democrats meet every night in Stonewall and continue to squall about the assignment act. A negro Populist attended one of these meetings. When leaving he met some negroes and said: "Look a-hear, is you gwine to de legislacher? It is gwine on up dar in Mister Fernby's sto! Da is gwine to kill de 'Publican and Populis party; da sho is. I'm gwine to leave dis place if da don't stop dat legislacher in Stonewall purty soon."

"Lordy, Lordy, Sam; is dat meetin gwine on now?"

"Yes, it sho is."

"Well, let 'em alone. Da is gwine to kill da own selfs, and de Populises is gwine to take hol of dat place sho. De Populises is gittin' stronger ever day, and jes sich legislachers as dat is the reason.

Mr. Jas. Bateman, of the schooner, Hill, has arrived here from Newbern, and reports that the tariff has been taken off of "shorts." J. S.

No Limit to Their Meanness.

For The Caucasian.]

WINTON, N. C., April 20.—There seems to be no limit to Democratic meanness, and there ought to be some way to frustrate their effort to keep our magistrates from qualifying.

When a Democrat left the party and did not burn the bridge behind him, the Democrats seem determined to burn it for him. There were not many Democrats in this county last election, and the number seems to be decreasing every day.

JAMES S. MITCHELL.

A Willing-to-be Defamer.

For the Caucasian.]

GREENSBORO, N. C., April 23, '95.

DEAR SIR—Were I justified in doing it, I would send you check for 50 subscribers who could see some of the truths in THE CAUCASIAN which they ought to know, and especially so that they might see how contemptible the News and Observer is—that wholesale manufacturer of villification, misrepresentrtion and lies, and the willing-to-be defamer of its own State if thereby it could help a discreditable and discredited political organization, known as the Democratic party, to climb into power again. Low is the level it occupies as a public journal and words can hardly be joined together to correctly convey the contempt many people have for it. Its own political friends are disgusted with it—many of them are at least. W. O. S.

THE POINT OF VIEW.

Opinions That Occur From Conditions Which Exist.

In my judgment the position here assumed is full of danger to our institutions. The august power lodged in this court of passing upon the constitutionality of acts of Congress has always been discreetly and carefully exercised. I believe this is the first case in our history where authority which has been conceded to Congress by nearly 100 years of acquiescence in all departments of the government, and has been sanctioned by repeated adjudications of this court has been judicially denied. —From the dissenting opinion of Judge White in the income tax case.

The Democrats have said all the time that "there could be but two parties." Now since they have made such an ignominious failure as a party, if they will kindly step out of the way they will prove the truth of their assertion.—Nat. Reformer.

Populists, your opportunity is great! The People's party is the only party now standing up for the people. Dissatisfaction with the old parties is wide spread. The harvest is ripe. We must step in and gather the crop. Work! Work! Work! Organize! Organiz! Organiz!

Marching on to despotism. The legislature of Indiana, which recently adjourned in murderous riot, passed a law placing the military above the civil law. Only a few turns of the crank, the blotting out of just a few more privileges with such laws, and then—anarchy, wild and terrible—and all the outgrowth of class laws. —Kansas Agitator.

All evidences point to a contest of unexampled importance in 1896, the result of which, from a monetary point of view, may make it the contest of the century. Every advocate of unrestricted silver coinage should stand up and be counted unmistakably for his principles and for the faith that is in him.—Senator Jones.

For Rent or Sale.

The Democratic machine of this county (Northampton) will sell or rent the Democratic election "bull pens." Apply to

THE DEMOCRATIC MACHINE.

IRREPRESSIBLE REVOLUTION

Is What the Free Silver Movement Promises to Be--The Combine to Fight it.

RANSOM'S GREAT PROMISES.

The North Carolina Delegation Pledged to Cleveland or His Candidate--The Last Hope of the Democratic Party--A Disgraceful Surrender of its Principles to Gold.

Special to the Caucasian.]

WASHINGTON, April 15.—It has dawned upon the leaders in both parties at last that the silver "craze" is an irrepressible revolution. Democratic leaders are most alarmed. The apparent certainty that the next National Democratic convention will be compelled to make a distinctive and unequivocal declaration in favor of ultimate and unconditional coinage is demoralizing the leaders, and in their consternation they are again looking to Cleveland's leadership. The anticipation of party disruption on the currency question is evidenced in the organized movement to renominate Cleveland in 1896. Of course he will say that he is not a candidate, and all that; but the movement, now well in hand, will not be embarrassed by any declination of that sort. The machinery of the Democratic party is under the control of Cleveland's friends and office-holders and the movement will not suffer or languish under their direction. Cleveland's nomination is the one

HOPE OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

Southern leaders acquiesce in this opinion and assurances have been given of a solid Southern vote in that behalf. It is known that Mr. Ransom has pledged a delegation from North Carolina that will support Mr. Cleveland or Cleveland's candidate in the national convention. Ostensibly and professedly it may favor the nomination of a silver man. The State convention may repeat its free silver declaration of 1894, and elect anti-silver delegates to the national convention. Why not, since Ransom was the avowed party candidate for re-election to the Senate on a free coinage platform? When the question of his retirement from the national committee was under consideration, previous to his departure for Mexico, Senator Gorman suggested that it involved too much risk. What was meant was not very clear at the time, but recent expressions from Gorman removes the ambiguity entirely.

GORMAN FAVORS CLEVELAND.

The best authority can be given for the statement that Gorman anticipates a crisis in the national convention that will compel Cleveland's nomination. Of course it is understood that it is not Gorman's wish, but he realizes the utter demoralization of the party, and believes that Cleveland is responsible for it. Its hope of extrication—if that be possible—is in Cleveland and gold monometallism. He has said as much, and the expression of his apprehensions has encouraged and facilitates the Cleveland movement and emboldened its leaders. Cabinet officers have already initiated an active campaign in that interest. Secretary Morton writes a letter urging Cleveland's renomination, not on any Democratic platform, but as a "sound currency" candidate. Another eminent leader in this movement, W. L. Trenholm, comptroller of the currency under the first Cleveland administration, explains in a recent publication in the same interest, what

SOUND CURRENCY MEANS

from the Cleveland standpoint. He says:

Gold mono-metallism is the unavoidable destiny of this country; the sooner we recognize this and fix it in our laws the sooner will we reap the fruits; the longer we defer the recognition, the more we impede and postpone its establishment by law—the longer will our industries be hampered and all our business deranged by financial unrest and commercial apprehension. Should we unfortunately let go the single gold standard, there will be nothing to take hold of but silver mono-metallism: for bi-metallism for us is a snare and a delusion.

This is a clear, comprehensive and honest exposition of the Cleveland theory of finance, and reflects the opinion, conviction and interests of the foreign gold bond syndicate that directs the fiscal policy of the Cleveland administration. It is a bold declaration that offers no opportunity or excuse for hedging and straddling and juggling in platform construction. "Bi-metallism is a snare and a delusion," just as international bi-metallism is an impossibility. There can be no misunderstanding of Mr. Cleveland's position, and what is expected of Ransom's pledged delegation from North Carolina is equally clear. But the Cleveland crowd will not have the national convention all its own way. With the Illinois Democratic State convention

BEGINS THE STRUGGLE

that must inevitably end in the complete disruption of the Democratic party. By desperate and vigorous interference the administration may prevent an affirmative free coinage declaration at the Illinois June convention. Active steps have been taken to secure administration delegates with a view to deferring action in the matter, and the army of Federal office-holders employed in the work may be able to defeat the silver people. That extreme will not be a surprise, but it will only aggravate conditions and turn revolt into revolution. There is but one opinion about the Western silver movement. It will sweep every Western State. It will sweep all parties before it. There is Re-

(Continued on fourth page.)

THE CAUCASIAN.

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THE CAUCASIAN PUB. CO.;
Raleigh, N. C.

THE SHYLOCKS AND GOLD BUGS BADLY BORED.

There is a commotion among money speculators, bankers and gold bugs. There has been a collision between them and an argument, and *they* have been knocked off the track. They are badly shattered and terribly rattled. The argument is contained in a little book called "Coin's School of Finance." This book contains the simplest, clearest and yet most powerful presentation of the financial question ever made. Anybody who can read simple language can grasp the whole subject by reading this little book. There's no way of telling how clear and simple it is. Every business man and farmer in the land ought to read it. In fact, it looks as though they are reading it. And nobody has ever answered it, nor can it ever be answered. It has been published about six weeks, and two hundred and fifty thousand of them have been sold.

* * *

It is converting doubtful people and alarming the money speculators and gold bugs. The latter can't do anything with it. They know it is right. *They* have always known what was right, but their knowledge has not stood in the way of their cruel greed and rapacity. Reader, *you* MUST get this book. It costs a little, but the CAUCASIAN declares that when you have once read it, you will declare that you would not have missed it for fifty times its price. Everything concerning the question of finance, which is to be the great issue between the people and the money power, is made clear as the noonday sun. The author is Col. W. H. Harvey—a bimetallist and good Populist. Following are some facts that will show you how the book is regarded:

* * *

Col. Ham, of Georgia, has been lecturing through Missouri, Arkansas, Illinois and Kentucky, and some in other States. He tells the Atlanta Constitution that you "hear nothing else on the trains, in the hotels—wherever you go," he continued, "People seem to think of nothing else but the money question. As for "Coin," the effect of that little work is simply marvelous, just as its sale is. "Coin's School' is in the pocket or in the hand of every other man you meet. Train boys, hotel news stands and news sellers on the streets offer it to you wherever you go. They tell me the sale is the greatest any book has ever known—that tons of them are shipped daily from Chicago and St. Louis. In all the arguments you hear "Coin" quoted. The people seem to be more deeply interested in this money question than they ever have been in any political question ever before."

* * *

Col. Harvey accepted an invitation from the Business Men's association of Rochelle, Ill., one evening last week to deliver an address, and was given a complete ovation by people of the city and surrounding country. One horny handed farmer drove in fourteen miles, and explained his interest when shaking hands by saying, "I drove all that distance to shake hands with the man who could write a book on the silver question that a common farmer can understand."—Age.

* * *

The Wilmington Messenger says: "There is a new work, of small size, as we learn, that is having a most rapid circulation in the United States. It is said in a short time to have passed the 250,000 copies, and the demand exceeds the power to print. It is a product of the West, we think, and is entitled "Coin's Financial School." It is said to be a very strong argument on the side of silver and fairly bristles with points and facts. It is making a great impression and is giving the gold standard men trouble in the West."

* * *

Bill Arp (Maj. Chas. Smith) says: "I can't answer a position in it and I am an average man. The truth is, I am afraid to believe all that is in it for fear somebody will call me a fool. I asked Joel Chandler Harris (of the Atlanta Constitution) about it yesterday and what he knew about W. H. Harvey, who wrote it. He smiled and said: "Harvey is a silver crank, just like I am. They call me a crank, but nobody can answer the argument on the silver side, and hence their only reply is that the book is a humbug—a deceitful snare and all that, but the book is taking the Western and Southern country."

He says the railroads alone owe $5,000,000,000 to Europe and the annual interest is $240,000,000, payable in gold. He says that every kind of property has been shrinking in value since the crime of 1873 that old John Sherman was the author of. The crime of demonetizing silver by an act passed between midnight and day, when everybody was drunk or asleep and even General Grant said he didn't know that he had signed any such an act. It takes twice as much property now to pay a debt as it did five years ago, and as we all owe nearly as much as we don't owe, the country is about bankrupt, and a few thousand millionaires will soon own the whole concern. This is the picture he draws, and to read it and believe it makes a man feel like taking his double-barrel shotgun and joining the army of bread winners.

But here's the best of all. It shows how this wonderful little book is shaking up the old Shylocks and bandits and goldbugs and the like. A big railroad magnate wrote a letter to that strange, wonderfully nondescript Secretary of Agriculture—J. Sterling Morton, who is a great goldbug. Just read and notice his letter. It tells lots. It nominates Mr. Cleveland for the Presidency again, and says that both old parties are likely to unite to re-elect him. Here is that letter:

OMAHA, Neb.

Hon. J. Sterling Morton, Washington, D. C.:

Dear Sir:—I am in receipt of, and thank you for, your letter. In my limited knowledge of this subject, I am able only to see, and to an extent appreciate, the very evil effects being exerted by the so-called free silver interests in this country, and I hardly think this is appreciated in the great centres.

As you are reasonably aware, I am travelling a good deal, and meet and see people from all classes and places, and the wave of this baneful idea has almost reached an *epidemic condition*, and unless fully answered in kind, both great political parties will be obliged, in response to popular demand, to either incorporate a substantially free silver plank in their platform, or else a *disgraceful straddle*. No doubt you have seen a little book, published in Chicago, called "Coin's School of Finance." The first book has reached an edition of over 100,000, and recently another book of the same kind, issued from the same mill, has issued. They are attractively written, and to the *novice in finance* are a convincing argument. They pretend to quote eminent financiers of Chicago and elsewhere, as, for instance, Lyman J. Gage, Joseph Medill, and others, as injecting objections, embodying their most formidable arguments, and then proceed to answer them effectively, and to complete silence. Now, this little book, I find from newsdealers, is sold ten to one of any other. It is sold and read on trains *to a disgusting extent*. It is a most entertaining little volume, and I see it being read on trains, in depots; discussed in local lyceums, etc., everywhere.

It is sweeping over this country, and in my opinion, should be answered by some one who fully understands the subject. That answer should be written with an equally facile pen. I understand this little book has been purchased in large numbers by silver people, and distributed gratuitously.

It seems to me the *banking interests* should take the requisite steps to publish a reply, in equally attractive form, and put it on the market at the lowest price, as, perhaps, an antidote reply to "Coin's School of Finance," etc.

To show the effect of this little book, a rather intelligent country banker called on me recently with the book, and asked me if I could answer it, saying he was nearly convinced there was hope in the policy suggested, *and this against his will*; said it was read and then talked in his country, and was making votes more rapidly than anything he had ever known. I referred him to our bankers here. He said later he had talked with some, who *passed it over lightly, and did not reply.*

My judgment, from the present outlook, is that the Eastern conservatives of both parties are likely to unite, and possibly *renominate Mr. Cleveland*, who will carry the East and South, no doubt; the East on his able, honest conservatism, and the South, because they could never vote other than the Democratic ticket; thus insuring a vote which would elect; and the West will undoubtedly support the Populists or free silverites, unless there is a great change. If this is not done, I feel the election will be thrown in the House, as the result of three tickets being in the field, in which case the balance of power would be with the free silver interest. I believe if a vote were taken to-day on the naked question of a 16-to-1 silver platform, Nebraska would give it a majority of 50,000, or near it.

These suggestions are for what information you may be able to glean from them. I believe the situation is critical and of importance.

Yours truly,
J. R. BUCHANAN.

* * *

Did you note this letter carefully as you read it? Did you notice in one place Mr. Buchanan said "to the novice in finance are a convincing argument," and in another place he said a banker had been nearly convinced against his will, and that other bankers "passed it over lightly and did not reply?"

Now what does he suggest? Does he tell the *people* it is against their interests? Did you look at that point? No. He does not talk about the great people. But he says: "It seems to me the *banking interests* should take the requisite steps to publish a reply." Ah! That's it. You can begin to see now, that the great fight will be between the people and the money power. Where do you stand? If you want to be armed for the fray, get a copy of this book.

SEND US A SUBSCRIPTION TO THE WEEKLY CAUCASIAN. IT WILL TELL A LOT OF PLAIN TALK THIS YEAR.

CHAIRMAN JAS. H. POOH-BAH! IS GETTING UP A LIST.

The desperation of Democracy is deplorable. They know they are doomed. They feel that they are damned. But life is sweet. To cowards, hypocrites and imposters it is sweeter than to brave, candid and honest men. The former fear death; the latter can face anything without flinching. Cowards, hypocrites and imposters frantically seek to conceal their records and their intentions and purposes, and to say this is to describe what is now called Democracy just as it is. A drowning man is senseless enough to catch at a straw. The doomed Democracy is foolish enough to grasp at a shadow.

* * *

If there was any kind of open frankness and truth in Democracy; if there was a single live issue it would advocate with sincerity; if there was one single, honorable thing in its recent record, it could perhaps command the respect of some honest men who might be largely possessed of the attributes of pity and mercy. But whatever hold it may have had on the confidence of the people has been broken by its own selfishness, duplicity, hypocrisy and rascality. It seems to be utterly devoid of the slightest semblance of decency and integrity. The CAUCASIAN is willing to go on record as saying that it believes it to be impossible for anything but an ignoramus or a scoundrel to approve of present day Democracy in any sense. If a man is ignorant there is some excuse for him, even if he refuses to learn. If he knows Democracy as it is, and knows right from wrong, and then approves it, he cannot be otherwise than a scoundrel.

* * *

Nationally speaking, Democracy is already practically wiped off the face of the earth. There's not a big enough fool in it to seriously dispute this assertion. In the State its recent record has been such as to make people pass over condemnation and ridicule in order to reach pity. It tried to arouse the bitterest prejudices of which men are capable by means of the Douglass dodge. It found its trust in salvation through the Douglass ghost to be a vacuous myth. It's hope of resucitation through the assignment law *faux pas* vanished like a malarial fog under the rays of a bright sun. Its effort to prevent the newly elected magistrates from assuming their offices was as futile as the efforts of the kicking Douglass Democratic ass to scar the legislative wall. Its general effrontery in seeking to thwart the will of the people, as expressed by representatives who were elected by *twenty thousand* majority, is without a parallel in history, with the exception of the traitorous betrayal of the people by the last Democratic President and Congress.

* * *

And now, they are evidently getting ready to play their last card with shameful disregard of living, burning questions, and the last desperate wail of despair. It is the "nigger racket." Here it is. How do you like it?

OFFICE OF JAMES H. POU,
CHAIRMAN STATE DEM. EX. COM.,
SMITHFIELD, N. C., April 15, '95.

MY DEAR SIR: I am preparing a list of the negro magistrates appointed by the last legislature. I want the names of each one. Will you please give me the name of every one appointed in your county? I want this list, not later than the 25th if possible, for it goes in the "History." Please send it by next mail if possible. Delay will deprive the imformation of its value.

One other request on this line—I want you in the next month (if possible at once) to get the photograph of every negro magistrate appointed for your county. This will probably require a little management and possibly some expense, but I have no doubt you can secure it. Some negro friend can get it and give to you. If I can get a list practically complete, I will have the photographs electyped and will print thousands of copies of a group containing the faces of the one hundred or more negro magistrates appointed by the legislature. Please help me by securing their photographs as soon as possible. Don't wait for their photographs before sending their names. The list of names is to go into the History now being printed, and I want them as soon as possible, not later than the 25th. I want the names and postoffice addresses of these magistrates. I enclose a stamped envelope and I hope for an early reply.

Very truly yours,
JAMES P. POU,
Chm'n. State Dem. Ex. Committee.

* * *

Does any party that seeks to sustain life by attempting to arouse and inflame the wildest passions of men deserve respect? Is it worthy of life? If rancor and hatred constitute its nourishment, should good men hesitate to thoroughly and everlastingly uproot it? Is there anything in it but danger to the body politic? Does the foment of racial antagonism and civil animosity look toward a solution of the irregularities and troubles with which the country is now burdened? Should any gang or clique of men be permitted to attempt to sow sedition and create anarchy among a people who would otherwise be peaceable? We believe a resounding NO will be the answer to every question here from every HONEST MAN in North Carolina. Then let this gang—this clique—hear and feel with crushing force and effect the disgust, the odium, the detestation and condemnation, which can be hurled at them by an honest people, struggling to establish justice and right and peace among men.

WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE?

In the year 1886 there was, in this country, an awful culmination to the efforts of certain men to inflame the fierce and lawless emotions of other men. This happened at Chicago on May 4th, 1886. Wild alarums and incendiary circulars and speeches were circulated and made with such effect that the most ferocious passions of men were aroused to tempestuous madness and fury. Bombs were thrown and exploded. Many officers of law and peace were killed. The wildest consternation and terror reigned in the great city.

* * *

Men who *incited* this terrible occurrence were arrested, and for *inciting and causing* it. (not for actually participating in it) were imprisoned and hanged. And the law-abiding people of the land approved the sentences of both imprisonment and death.

* * *

Just now the minds of the people of this section of country are strained and almost distraught with efforts to remedy existing evils. All effort is attended with calm and dispassion. A solution is being sought quietly and peaceably. But the tension is great, and patience is near its limit. If that be passed, who can tell the consequences? This is no time for attempting to arouse prejudices and passions. An attempt might be too successful—no matter from whence it comes nor by whom it is made. It will be criminal—it will simply be brutal to make it; for if it should be successful many others might suffer besides those who make it.

* * *

Now read the Democratic circular elsewhere. Does any man of any sort of sense need to have its import explained to him? Is not its purpose plain and glaring? If the clearly apparent, seditious policy of that circular be persisted in, and should result in disturbance, riot and something worse, would there be any less reason for dealing with the desperate and anarchistic spirit which prompted it than existed in the case of the Chicago anarchists?

* * *

What is the purpose of this move? Does it deal with any vital question of the day? Certainly it cannot; for the least intelligent individual who has any intelligence at all knows that there can never be any negro supremacy where the Anglo-Saxon lives, and even the most ignorant negroes accept this as a fact until they are inflamed to furious resentment and blind madness. Does it deal with the question of finance or economic policy of any kind. No. It is a rotten, mean, contemptible plan to accomplish something by appealing to the lowest and worst characteristics which can afflict mankind, instead of appealing to their calm reason and sober judgment.

* * *

Now, here is a question, asked with pure, deliberate honesty:

If the course foreshadowed by this circular is adhered to, and it should result in dire commotion and disaster, would not those who organized and promoted it have as clear a right to the bars and gallows as did the Chicago anarchists? What is the difference?

MAGISTRATES MAY QUALIFY TILL JUNE 6TH.

THE CAUCASIAN has already cited the provisions of section 821, of The Code, which gives the newly appointed magistrates thirty days from the beginning of their term witbin which to qualify. This has been safe, but not altogether correct.

The new law concerning the election of magistrates says distinctly that their terms of office shall begin April 1st.

Section 821 of The Code says:

Every person elected or appointed a Justice of the Peace shall within thirty days after his term of office begins, take and subscribe the prescribed oath of office before the Clerk of the Superior Court.

The time within which to qualify under this law is not annulled, but it is extended by chapter 288, Laws of 1885, which says:

Section 1. That all appointments of justices of the peace by the General Assembly shall be void, unless the person so appointed shall qualify within three months thereafter. * * *

Sec. 3. That all laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed, and this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

It is clearly seen here that the law of 1885 repeals all laws conflicting with it, and inasmuch as this act provides that magistrates may qualify at any time within three months after their appointment, that part of the Code putting the time at thirty days is repealed. The new magistrates were elected by the General Assembly on March 6th 1895, and it thus plainly appears that all the new magistrates may qualify at any time prior to June 6th.

And this is the fact—the law, in spite of the assertion made by the News and Observer on April 5th that:

It is too late now for any clerk to qualify those appointed, and if they attempt to qualify them their acts will be illegal.

* * *

The people will have to thank the Lord, and not the Legislature, for riding them of this burden which the Legislature voted upon them.

The chief interest that the Lord seems to be taking in this matter is to let this Democratic horde and rabble which is infesting the State weave a web of falsehood around itself which will finally strangle it and exterminate it from the earth. Then the people *will* give thanks.

THE PROBABLE STATU.

The New York World seems to be somewhat alarmed because the South and West have at last realized that they have common interests and need a change in the financial system of the country. In New York men vote for their interests and not according to sentiment of their prejudices. The World evidently thinks that the people of the South and West will now do the same thing, so it rushes into print and tries to discourage the people of these two sections in the following manner:

"It is a noteworthy fact that were the new party to carry every State south of Mason and Dixon's line, and every one west of the Missouri River, that is to say, if it should sweep both the West and the South, it would still fall short of an electoral majority. The whole South, excluding Deleware, Maryland and West Virginia, has but 125 electoral votes, and the whole West but 61 votes.

The votes of each State of the South in the Electoral College are as follows: Virginia, 12; North Carolina 11; South Carolina, 9; Kentucky, 13; Georgia, 13; Tennessee, 12; Florida, 4; Alabama, 11; Mississippi, 9; Louisiana, 8; Arkansas, 8; Texas, 15. Total—125.

The votes of the Western States are: North Dakota, 3; South Dakota, 4; Nebraska, 8; Kansas, 10; Colorado, 4; Wyoming, 3; Montana, 3; Idaho, 3; Utah, 3; Nevada, 3; California, 9; Washington, 4; Oregon, 4. Total—61.

Utah having been admitted as a State by the last Congress, it will have three votes in the next electoral college, giving that body 447 members. The number necessary to elect will thus be 224. If to the total of 186 votes for the West and South combined the votes of Missouri, 17, and Wisconsin, 12—both claimed by some of the most enthusiastic silverites—are added, the total would be 215, and would still fall short of the required number."

The World seems to forget that there is a very large proportion of the people in a number of the States north of the Mason and Dixon's line who are being driven to poverty's door by the gold standard policy forced upon the country by Wall Street and the bankers. Illinois with her twenty-two electoral votes and Ohio with her twenty-three electoral votes are almost as strong for free silver and financial reform as North Carolina. Their farmers are suffering almost as much as ours, and their business men are faced with almost as much bankruptcy and ruin. When the issue is drawn squarely between the people and the gold bugs, we believe these States will cast their electoral votes for the people's candidate. This will give two hundred and sixty votes in the electoral college, or thirty-six more than a sufficent number to elect a president.

A PROPHECY FULFILLED.

Salmon P. Chase was secretary of the treasury under Lincoln. He was the father of the present national banking system. He saw the day he regretted it, and expressed that regret in the following words:

"My agency in procuring the passage of the National Bank Act was the greatest financial mistake of my life. It has built up a monopoly that effects every interest in the country. It should be repealed. But before this can be accomplished the people will be arrayed on one side and the banks on the other in a contest such as we have never seen in this country."

What a wonderful prophecy. How literally it is fulfilled today The contest is here. The banks are on one side and the people on the other. Are you ready for the fight? Are you guessing at what you are doing, and are you working in the light of the facts? Let no sentiment or prejudice guide you. If you are in doubt, try to remove the cloud Let any and every action be the result of an intelligent comprehension of the matters at issue.

There are men in the land who are honestly and conscientiously concerned for the welfare of home and country. They seek to scan the future and are striving to discover and establish a policy and a government which will foster good and prosperous citizenship and create unselfish and glowing patriotism. To these men, such schemes to instigate insurrection and anarchism, as is exemplified by Chairman Pou's secret circular, are a matter of grave concern and unbounded contempt. A consolation is that any party of conspirators with no better cause for existence than is hereby shown, will surely be quickly proscribed by all honest and earnest people.

An exchange wisely says: "Let every Democratic paper in North Carolina begin now, and try to bring back to the true fold, every man that has strayed away from the faith of his fathers." A kind word turneth away wrath."—Herald.

Umph! Honest now; do you want these "cranks," "confusionists," "mongrel crews," "motley gangs," "miscegenationists," Douglassites," "communists," "anarchists," "social equalitists," and the general crowd who can cap the "climax of infamy" to come back?" Do you, oh! do you? Well, this is one time when the "cat won't come back." He will everlastingly "stay away."

A certain Democratic circular elsewhere makes some allusions to a forthcoming history, Golly-a-Moses! Are the Democrats going to try to *make more of this thing*? If they will just remember the history they have made in the past two years, it does seem they would come to the conclusion that the public ought to be spared the burden of any more.

Unless trade revives sufficiently to increase our revenues, the income tax decision will augment the incomes of gold gamblers by causing another sale of bonds.

If the present course of procedure keeps up, it will soon become a fighting offence to call a man a Democrat.

Elsewhere there is a reference to a wonderful little book called "Coin's School of Finance." It is astonishing the whole country, and is creating consternation in the ranks of the goldbugs. There are two editions of this book—one for twenty five cents, and one for fifty cents. We will send the CAUCASIAN one year and a copy of the twenty-five cent edition for $1.00; or the fifty cent edition for $1.25. Try to get this little volume. We would not recommend it if we did not know it would instruct and please you.

Since the Oh! Ferrall—Team-Oh! colored banquet, Gov. O'Ferrall is somewhat touchy. He gave another "cold lunch," perhaps, last week in honor of Postmaster-General Wilson. A delegation of postoffice employees called, and at the door they were joined by a negro. But he didn't get to the table. Postmaster-General Wilson went into the hall and shook hands with him. That's all. By the way, how comes it that so many negroes are mail-carriers, &c., when a Democratic administration is bossing things?

It is reported in the papers that Mr. Walter R. Henry, who was a Cleveland elector in the last campaign, is about to go over to the Populists. When we saw Mr. Henry's letter, recently published, complaining because his "valuable" services had not been rewarded with a good fat office, we expected soon to hear of his taking the step he is said to now contemplate. The party would be better off if the spoils-hunters would all get out of it.—Exchange.

We have heard nothing of Mr. Henry's "contemplated step;" but Great Scott! Do you want to drive what is left of the Democratic party out of itself? What does it consist of except spoils-hunters?

But for the fact the American people strive to respect their institutions under the most trying circumstances, there would be such a storm of denunciation against the United States Supreme court as this country has never yet known. Since the income tax decision there has been an under-current of contempt for certain members of that bench that is absolutely inexpressible, and well nigh irrepressible.

The CAUCASIAN has already declared that the goldbugs would unhesitatingly plunge this county into bloody war on the slightest pretext, so that the great issue of the people—finance—may be relegated to a secondary position. If reports be true, there is already "a cloud no bigger than a man's hand"—but a cloud. It may interest you, but never lose sight of what you are now fighting for.

We suspect that there is a deep scheme on the part of the State Democratic administration to provide some nice fees for Democratic lawers in connection with the litigation it has instituted against certain duly elected officers. Something like nine thousand dollars was distributed among such lawyers during the past two years.

A leading Populist in Vance county says he will return to the Democratic party and bring 500 voters with him. Many more will do likewise before '96.—Herald.

Goo-o-od gracious er-live! Who is he? Where are the others? Who are they? First thing you know, you'll scare somebody to death. Then what? Hum, ta-ra-ra-boom-de-ay!

The Democratic press, having despaired of being able to find a man who wants the Democratic Presidential nomination, are now trying to nominate one for the Populists. Thanks, gentlemen, but this is a little matter which we will attend to ourselves at the proper time.

"Coin" was the name of the hard money originally provided for by the national constitution, and meant silver and gold. "Coin" is the name of a little book that is trying to re-establish the money of the constitution, and will do an immense amount of work in that direction.

The prominence and notoriety which Chairman Pou proposes to give the colored people by the free distribution of his composite colored magisterial chromo, ought to relieve the negroes of any further effort to push themselves forward at present.

We seem not to be able to see any comment from the Democratic press anent the appointment of numerous colored magistrates by a Democratic legislature. The silence on this matter is so tender, that the very mention of it would break it. Sabe!

We direct attention to a notice elsewhere to the effect that the "Democratic machine" will sell the "bull-pens" in Northampton county. Perhaps the Douglassasses will bid them in for the purpose of confining some of their wildest kickers therein.

Mexico is getting solid. For the first time in her history her treasury is $100,000 ahead, the receipts amounting the past year to that much more than the expenditures.—Star.

Certainly. Mexico is a free silver country; and yet we do not credit her with half the sense we claim to have.

The solicitude of Democrats for the welfare of the commonwealth as expressed by a consuming desire to hold "offis" and get everything they can out of it, is calculated to inspire an honest man with considerable disgust and contempt.

EAGLE BRAND THE BEST

NO TAR **ROOFING** NO TAR

It is superior to any other Roofing and unequalled for House, Factory or outbuildings; it costs half the price of shingles, tin or iron; is ready for use and easily applied by anyone; it is the best roofing in market, in durability, to all others. Send for estimate and state size of roof.

Excelsior Paint & Roofing Co.,

mch28 3m1p 155 Duane Street, New York.

Chromos commonly go in pairs. If the friends of the CAUCASIAN will send in the names and photos of the negro magistrates appointed by the Democratic legislature of 1876-77, we will try to get up a companion picture for Chairman Pooh's! heliograph.

It is now reported that Secretary Hoke Smith will run for the United States Senate on the gold platform. There is not enough of that material to make a very wide platform, and so the Hon. Hoke will not run far before he falls off.

It now appears that the only proceedings had by the recent meeting of the State Democratic executive committee were to receive the resignation of one of its best members, and to instruct the chairman to squall "nigger."

In view of the unsettled policy of the Democrats on the silver question, and the big efforts being made to settle it, we would suggest that they engage Congressman Cobb to deliver a series of lectures on "Where are we at."

Mr. Cleveland is now reported as saying he doesn't want another term in the Presidency. If this be so, for once in his life Mr. Cleveland is in entire accord with the people of the United States on an important subject.

When money gets to be the all powerful influence among a people, that people is on the verge of revolution, anarchy and civil perdition. The history of three thousand years teaches this.

If you haven't read Coin's Financial School, you don't know how easy it is to make a Cleveland Democrat feel like a hole in a mill pond where a needle has been stuck into it and drawn out.

This "sound" money talk is beginning to become tantalizing. The only thing with which the people are acquainted in connection with it is the "sound" made by so much talk about it.

Col. A. K. McClure, the goldbug editor of the Philadelphia Times, has been sued for libel, and a verdict of $15,000 damages has been rendered against him. Oh! these goldbugs.

We suggest to photographers that they could possibly get contracts for dark photographs by corresponding with Chairman Pou, of the Democrank-Douglassass machine.

The expansion of the People's party appears to be a little more extensive than Chairman Pooh's! comprehension. See secret circular elsewhere.

Our compliments to Governor [illegible] with a hope that he will [illegible] various other citizens of the [illegible] article XIV., section 7, of the [illegible] stitution of the State of North [illegible] lina.

The philanthropic desire on the part of some Democrats to keep certain citizens out of the penitentiary is preponderously pathetic.

It has done gone and thrown [illegible] Is it not time for some of these [illegible] turtle Democrats to let go and holt on certain official positions.

Chairman Pou's idea of [illegible] to involve considerable dark [illegible] ground.

Spring Medicine

Is a necessity because the tonic of winter air is gone, and milder weather, increased moisture, accumulated impurities of the blood and debilitated condition of the body, open the way for that tired feeling, nervous troubles, and other ills. The skin, mucous membrane and the respiratory organs strive in vain to relieve the system of pure current of life. They all want help.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

to assist Nature at this time when it most needs help, to purify the blood, and strengthen the laboring organs and build up the nerves.

"I was almost sick in bed last spring and I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. I grew better in a short time and now whenever I feel tired and drowsy in the morning and do not sleep well at night I take some of Hood's Sarsaparilla and about one or two of Hood's Pills." A. SANDERS, Wise, West Virginia.

Purifies The Blood

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and found that it gives me an appetite, strengthens me and purifies my blood." MISS LYDIA MADDOX, Partlow, Va.

Hood's Pills the after-dinner pill, family cathartic. 25c.

Our New Leader, $1.45.

Last year's demand for our Leader so large that we were unable to manufacture them as fast as they were ordered. This year we have one mammoth factory that manufactures nothing but this shoe, and we are making this boot in immense quantities that we are able to produce a much better boot.

We have many new improvements in this line: first, it is made of heavy genuine Dongola, solid leather sole and heel; second, it has a leather sock lining which no other but a high-priced boot has; third, it has a back-stay; fourth, much care is taken in selecting this stock and in making, as in our higher-priced goods; fifth, we not only warrant but guarantee every line to be just as represented. The above cut is an exact copy of the boot itself.

Our New Leader Ladies' Dongola Button; styles, Plain Opera Toe, Plain Common-Sense Toe, Opera Toe Patent Tip; widths, D, E, and EE; sizes, 2½ to 8.

Our New Leader Ladies' Dongola Button, Lace, Opera Toe Patent Tip; widths, D, E, and EE; sizes, 2½ to 8.

Our New Leader Ladies' Dongola Button, Spring Heel, Common-Sense Last, Patent Tip; widths, D, E, and EE; sizes, 2½ to 6.

Any of the above-described shoes sent on receipt of **$1.45**, all postage paid by us. Send for complete illustrated catalogue of all grades of boots and shoes free. Please mention this paper.

POSTAL SHOE CO.,
Box 2657. Boston, Mass.

Mrs. Anna Gage, wife of Ex-Deputy U. S. Marshal,

Columbus, Kan., says:

"I was delivered of **TWINS** in less than 20 minutes and with scarcely any pain after using only two bottles of

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

DID NOT SUFFER AFTERWARD.

Sent by Express or mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle. Book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

ELKIN WOOLEN MILLS.

Don't dispose of your wool until you have seen samples from the ELKIN WOOLEN MILLS.

THEY MAKE THE BEST GOODS IN THE SOUTH.

THEIR BLANKETS ARE NOT EXCELLED IN AMERICA.

They have built a bran new mill, and equipped it with the very best machinery. Write for samples and terms to the

CHATHAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
ELKIN, N. C.

THE CAUCASIAN.
RALEIGH, N.C., APRIL 25, 1895.

WAKE COUNTY.

LOOK AT THE LABEL.

On your paper. Do not look for the "blue cross" any more. We have put the list in mailing type. Your name is on a printed label with the date when your subscription expires. Be sure to send your renewal (if you want the paper another year) at least a week before your subscription expires.

WAKE COUNTY LOCALS.

North Carolina 6's are selling for 1.00 and 4's at 1.02.

W. H. Cunningigm has been confined at his home in this city. His entire left side is affected. He is now in the hospital here.

Notes are being taken for the State Fair by Mr. John Nichols has Mr. H. W. Ayer as secretary. The fair is in debt, but proper steps for liquidating the indebtedness being arranged.

The April civil term of Wake superior court convened Monday morning with Judge H. R. Starbuck presiding. The case of Standford vs. Ellington which is to test Mr. Ellington's right to the office of State Librarian came up. Mr. Ellington was given time to file his answer.

The supreme court last week filed an opinion in the case of Love vs. City of Raleigh. The case is one in which the father sued for $10,000 damages to his daughter, whose eye was knocked out by a skyrocket during the centennial celebration in 1876. The lower court decided in favor of the city which was affirmed by the Supreme court.

On May 20th the new Confederate monument in this city will be unveiled. It is proposed by the citizens to make the event a great one. An effort is being made to get the citizens of Charlotte to have their annual celebration of the signing of the Declaration of Independence in Raleigh on the 20th. All military organizations in the State will be invited to attend the unveiling. Large committees of prominent and energetic citizens are interesting themselves in making a great success of the occasion and day.

David Bell, a convict in the penitentiary serving a life sentence made his escape from the penitentiary Thursday night. He made his way to Johnston county in a convict's garb. He went to the house of H. T. Barbee and asked that gentleman to give him a suit of clothes. Mr. Barbee came back with some clothes and a pistol as well. The clothes went to the floor and the pistol in Bell's face. The latter named threw up his hands and kept them in that position until Barbee secured aid and bound him securely. Bell was brought here by Mr. Barbee, who was given $100 reward for the capture.

TRIED HARD TO GET IN

But the Law and the Facts Were Against Him—And he Is Still Out.

Here is another phase of the efforts of the State Democratic administration to get the new magistrates in a muddle. Among the magistrates appointed for Wake county was D. B. Marshburn. There seems to have been a mistake, either in sending his name to the legislative committee, or in copying it on the records; for it appears there as B. D. Marshburn.

By reason of this mistake Marshburn did not present himself for qualification, preferring to wait till some action should be had concerning such mistakes. In the meantime Governor Carr appointed George F. Kennedy, a Democrat, to fill Marshburn's place, and Kennedy presented himself before Superior Court Clerk D. H. Young, of Wake county to take the oath. Young declined to administer it on the ground that the time within which the new magistrates could qualify had not expired. Kennedy pre-ented himself a second time, and was again turned down.

It might be remarked that the Governor's appointment in this case is a little peculiar. Kennedy was a pollholder at the last election, but did not, for some reason, sign the returns from his precinct. His signature was wanting when the returns were counted by the canvassing board, and without it the returns were not fully legal Kennedy was present when the returns were being canvassed, but offered no reason for refusing to sign them. Hon. Spier Whitaker was also present, and when this particular matter came up he said: "This man (Kennedy) is going straight to the penitentiary and I don't want him to go there. I would like for him to be permitted to sign the returns properly." This waked up the would be magistrate, and he stepped forward and put his name down without further hesitation. He had evidently been told that or thought that this little trick of his would cause the returns to be irregular, or something of that sort, and was trying to work a common Democratic scheme.

It now appears that the law does not bar a magistrate from qualifying simply because of mistake in his name. Attorney-General Osborne has written Clerk Morrow, of Mecklenburg, the following letter:

"You ought to qualify the justices when you are satisfied that the person applying for qualification is the one the legislature intended to appoint, notwithstanding a mistake in name. This would save trouble of an action which he could bring to compel you to qualify, with same result. Take the case of H. K. Reid. The original record of his appointment, was, I understand, H. K. Paid. Let your record show that it appearing to your satisfaction that H. K. Reid is the name of the person intended to be appointed by the legislature, and that the name, H. K. Paid is a mistake, and the said H. K. Reid having applied for qualification, that you have this day administered the oath to him."

Under his opinion all magistrates appointed by the legislature may qualify even if there are mistakes in their names.

When so many people are taking and deriving benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla, why don't you try it yourself? It is highly recommended.

SCHOOL CHILDREN

will eat sweetmeats and you can't prevent it. The first you know of it there is a headache; the child is bilious and something must be done. Use Ripans Tabules, a remedy which is standard for such troubles.

Ripans Tabules may be obtained through your nearest druggist. Price 50 cents a box

FOR $1.00 THE WEEKLY CAUCASIAN
Will be sent one year.

A GRASPING GRIP.

The Patriotic (?) Grasp of Some Democrats on a Few Offices.

For years past the management of the penitentiary has been in the hands of the Democrats, who have made it a kind of vote making machine. The last legislature thought it advisable to take charge of this institution, from the fact that, under the Democrats, it had cost the State nearly a million of dollars, and was this year fourteen thousand dollars in debt. To this end, they increased the board of directors from five to fourteen—appointing as additional directors Messrs. Meyer Hahn, R. L. Herbert, T. E. McCaskey, J. T. B. Hoover, J. E. Bryan, H. B. Park, E. F. Wakefield, J. A. Oheek and Henry Dockery.

Unfortunately for this State and its people, the general administration is yet Democratic on the "hold over" plan; that is to say that those officers elected in 1892, for four year terms are still in office; and with their usual and now famous capacity for finding what they call a "technicality," they claim to have discovered one by which the legislative appointment of the new directors is illegal—or to make it more Democratic—"unconstitootional." This claim is to the effect that a quorum of the legislature failed to vote for the election of the new directors

On Wednesday of last week, a regular meeting of the board was held, and the new directors came on to attend it, It was known that the Democrats would have some palaver ing about the "unconstitootionality" of the new legislative appointments, and in order that matters might be smoothed over and quickly adjusted, the new directors employed Messrs. W. H. Day and Spier Whitaker as counsel to present the legal aspect of the case.

They then went out to the penitentiary to perform their duties. But what do you think? The old Democratic board had already assembled, and having locked the gate and stationed a guard thereat, they *actually refused to let the new directors enter the stockade or buildings.*

The Democratic party can do nearly anything of a ridiculous and absurb nature these days without creating surprise. Nobody really expects to see them do anything honest or decent. But this was something that a rogue or criminal would not have expected or received. He would have been let in; and the action of the lord-high directors on the inside was of sufficiently dashing gall and effrontery as to arouse a little surprise and considerable disgust It may be stated that a wild, cold rain was falling on that day, but the new directors were kept "out in the cold."

The "boss of the pen" did condescend to send a man down to the gate to talk with the new directors through a hole in the wall, and to get even this little distinction they were compelled to stand in that cold, drenching rain for about half an hour. Capt. W. H. Day was with the new directors as their counsel, and in consequence of this stupendously high-handed proceeding, he sent to Mr. Leazar, the *de facto* superintendent, the following message: "I have no complaint to make of the legal phase which this question has assumed. Say to Mr. Leazar that we are all very much obliged to him for his courtesy in keeping us out here in the rain for thirty minutes; then say to him, individually, for me, W. H. Day, that I thought we were dealing with a gentleman."

Now, it so happened that when the present little would-be-czar-like Democratic administration came to the conclusion that the action of the legislature in appointing these nine new directors was unconstitoo ional," it determined to supply their places with a few of the remaining Democrats in this State, and to that end Governor Carr appointed them. *They* were here at the meeting of the directors and sat with the old board. *They* were not kept out in the rain thirty minutes. They cannot be held wholly responsible for their participation in the disgracefully absurd and undignified proceedings, and for that reason we do not give their names.

The new legislative directors afterward met and organized, and elected Capt. W. H. Kitchen Chief Supervisor and Agent of the penitentiary. They also elected an executive committee of five members, consisting of Messrs. Dockery, Hoover, McCaskey, Hahn and Bryan. This committee accompanied by Mr. W. H. Day, as counsel, went out to the penitentiary as representatives of a majority of the directors, and made a formal demand for the keys, &c. Of course this was refused, and now the matter is one which must be settled in the courts.

It is hoped that arrangements will be perfected by which the case can be heard at the present term of the Wake Superior court which began on the 22nd inst., and be carried from there to the Supreme court for final disposition.

North Carolina Monumental Association.

The North Carolina Monumental Association was organized at a meeting of the Ladies' Memorial Association in the Supreme court room in June 1892. Mrs. Armistead Jones was unanimously elected president and authorized to select a secretary and treasurer, also to appoint a vice president in every county in the State—making 96 in all. At a subsequent meeting Miss Meggie Cowper was elected secretary and Hon. Donald W. Bain treasurer. Shortly afterwards he died and Col. S. McD. Tate was elected his successor. A lady vice-president was appointed in every county. An appeal was made to the legislature of 1893 and by a rising vote it appropriated $10.000. With this encouragement the ladies went actively to work and in two years increased the amount very laggely, The legislature of 1895 then appropriated $10,000. The monument when complete will cost about $26,000. The corner-stone was laid with impressive ceremonies—May 20th, 1893, being the day of the secession of North Carolina and also of her Mecklenburg Declaration. Hon. T. W. Mason was orator of the day. The hymns "Let us Cross Over the River" (Jackson's last words) and "How Firm a Foundation" (Lee's favorite) were sung as the old soldiers from the "Home" laid the memorable stone. The committee of ladies most actively interested in the work and whose zeal led to its completion consisted of Mrs. Armistead Jones, Mrs. Jno. W. Hinsdale, Mrs. Garland Jones, Miss Meggie Cowper.

Mr. J. R. Holland, cashier of the Mercheants' and Farmers' bank at Charlotte, is $50,000 short in his accounts. He has made an assigment of all his property. The bank is safe.

TO MAKE THE RECORD

Histories of North Carolina Regiments in the Confederate Service.

At the last meeting of the Confederate Veterans association, a resolution was passed requesting Judge Walter Clark to procure the best man in each of the North Carolina regiments in the civil war to write a history of the regiment in which he served. It was contemplated that the sketch of each regiment, averaging, say, ten pages or more, would make a volume of 750 to 1,000 pages. Written by the pens of the men whose swords had made that history, it will be an enduring and authentic monument to the generation who sacrificed themselves for their State in the great civil war.

After consultation, as far as possible, with the survivors of each regiment, the following historians for the respective regiments have accepted and are at work. Many of these excellent sketches have been already completed and sent in.

The following is the list of historians which will be read with interest. The survivors of each regiment are requested to furnish any data they may have to the historian of their regiment below named:

ORGANIZATION.	HISTORIANS.
Medical Staff	Dr. P. E. Hines
Chaplain service	Rev. A. D. Betts
Engineer service	Capt. C. B. Denson
Adjutant-General office	Maj. A. Gordon
Quartermaster department	—— ——
Commissary department	—— ——
Conscripts bureau	—— ——
Junior & Sen. Res's N C	Col J W Hinsdale
Navy of North Carolina	—— ——
Blockade running from Wilmington,	Jas Sprunt.
Steamer Advance	Capt. James Maglenn
"Bethel" regimen	Capt. E. J Hale
1st regiment	Col H A Brown
2d "	Gen W R Cox
3d "	Col W L DeRossett
4th "	Col E A Osborne
5th "	Sergt C M Busbee and Maj (Judge) Jas C MacRae.
6th "	Capt Neill W Ray
7th "	Maj J S Harris
8th "	Capt Gov Thomas J Jarvis
9th "	(1st cavalry) Gen Rufus Barringer
10th "	(1st artil'y) Lt Col W J Saunders
11th "	Col W J Martin
12th "	Lt (Judge) W A Montgomery
13th "	Col E B Withers
14th "	Col (Judge) R T Bennett
15th "	Col W E Green
17th "	Capt Wilson G Lamb
18th "	Lt Thos H Sutton
19th "	(2d cavalry) Maj W A Graham
20th "	Gen Thos F Toon
21st "	Gen W W Kirkland
22d "	Maj Graham Daves
23d "	Capt H Clay Wall
24th "	Capt E A Thorne
25th "	Capt S Ferguson
26th "	Surgeon Geo C Underwood
27th "	Capt Jas A Graham
28th "	Gen Jas H Lane
29th "	Gen R B Vance
30th "	Col F M Parker
31st "	Col J V Jordon
32d "	Lt Henry A London
33d "	Maj J A Weston
34th "	Capt Thos D Lattimore
35th "	Capt W H S Burgwyn
36th "	(2d artillery) Col W M Lamb
38th "	Col Geo W Flowers
38th "	Adjt Theo F Davidson
40th "	Capt T C Davis
42d "	Col John E Brown
43d "	Col Thos S Kenan
44th "	Maj C M Stedman
45th "	Sergt Tyrus B Watson
46th "	Capt O W Carr
47th "	Capt John J Thorpe
48th "	Capt W H H Lawhon
49th "	Adjt (Judge) Thos R Roulhac
50th "	Capt J C Ellington
51st "	Maj A A McKeithan
52d "	Capt J H Robinson
53d "	Col Mottehead
55th "	Capt C M Cooke
56th "	Maj John W Graham
57th "	Col Ham C Jones
58th "	Col Isaac H Bailey
59th "	(4th cavalry) Capt R B Gaddy
60th "	Capt Thos W Patton
61st "	Capt N A Ramsay
62d "	Col G M Clayton
63d "	(5th cav'ry) Col John M Gaillowy
64th "	Capt Melvin E Carter
65th "	(6th cavalry) Capt M V Moore
66th "	Adjt George M Rose
67th "	Col R W Wharton
68th "	(Thomas' Legion) Major W V Stringfield
70th "	(1st Junior Reserves) Col C W Broadfoot and Capt Thos L Lea
72d "	(3d Junior Reserves) Lt Fab H Busbee
65th "	(7th cavalry) Lt W F Parker
1st battalion	Col R W Wharton
2d "	Col Wharton J Green
5th "	Lt (Judge) Thos C Fuller
6th "	Adjt M P Taylor
8th "	Capt Woodbury Wheeler
1st artillery	Lt T A McNeill
Thomas Cavalry, battalion,	Maj W W Stringfield.

Each of the above has accepted the "assignment of duty" and has either written the sketch of his regiment or will have it ready by July 1st. It is a splendid list of soldiers and writers, the best possible, now after the gaps made by the thirty years since the war. One of the writers (Gen. Barringer) has died since filling the last duty to his comrades. Five other generals are in the list as historians of their former regiments. Two of the regiments 73d and 74th were senior Reserves and naturally no survivor of them has been found who could write the sketches of those regiments. Neither has any historian yet been found to write the sketches of the following regiments, though great efforts have been made, i. e., 10th, 37th, 41st, (3rd cav.); 54th, 68th, 71st (2nd Junior Reserves); and following Battalons—3d, 4th, 7th, 9th and 10th.

It will be a subject of regret if the volume shall appear with those regiments omitted. Any survivors of those commands who may see this will do well to write Judge Walter Clark, Raleigh, N. C., suggesting a suitable man to write the history of his regiment.

University Summer School.

The summer school at Chapel Hill affords unusual opportunities to young men and women desiring university education, as well as to teachers and those preparing to teach. Instructions will be given mainly by university professors, in English literature, Anglo-Saxon, History, Latin, Greek, Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry and Chemistry. Teachers will be given an opportunity to see exemplified by experts the best methods of teaching all the subjects usually taught in the preparatory schools. Certificates of satisfactory work and attendance, duly signed by the president of the University and the professors, will be given to those who complete the course and stand the examination. Miss Mathilde Coffin, of Detroit, Michigan, a celebrated teacher of young children, will have charge of the primary work.

The tuition fee of $5.00 admits to all instruction during the five weeks session of the school, June 25th to July 26th, 1895.

For circulars apply to President Winston, or Edwin A. Alderman, superintendent of school, Chapel Hill, N. C.

BEWARE OF OINTMENTS FOR CATARRH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle. 2p.

FACE IT OR DIE!

McClure Diagnoses the Democratic Malady.

IS IT CHAOS OR DEATH?

Not a Single Hopeful State North, South, East or West for Democracy.

The Philadelphia Times, edited by Col. A. K. McClure, is a Democratic goldbug paper, and believes that goldbugism is the thing that will save Democracy. He has evidently not been converted to the North Carolina Democratic creed which is:

"We believe that Fred. Douglass died that we might live."

But his hopes of salvation for the Democratic party are gloomy, regardless of whatever savior it may depend on, and in a long editorial headed "Is it Chaos or Death?" says:

"The attitude of the Democratic organization before the country today it that of utter chaos, and the only problem for the leaders to solve is whether that once great party can be restored to its respect and usefulness, or whether the sequel to its chaotic condition shall efface it from the history of American politics.

"Today the Democratic party has not a single hopeful State north of Mason & Dixon's line; it has not a single hopeful State in the west, and the Southern States are all trembling in the throes of threatened revolution.

"The party has been condemned by the people with an emphasis that has never been approached in the history of our political contests, and the overwhelming defeat of 1894 called out no statesmship in the Democratic council in Congress, and it densified the madness of Democratic law-makers instead of chastening and recalling them to the lines of patriotism.

"But for the heroic integrity and patriotism of President Cleveland the credit of the nation would have been dishonored, and business chaos and general distrust must have prevailed throughout the land.

"No party that is poisoned with dishonesty in its vitals can survive, and if there is to be a Democratic party in the future it must be promptly organized on the basis of honest government, honest money, honest taxes, and honest elections. Perfidy or blundering in Republican statesmanship will not restore the Democracy to public confidence. It may destroy the Republican organization, but it will not revive Democracy. It must be in a position to command the honest men of every political faith or it must die, and if it cannot retrieve its honor and its fidelity to the country; the sooner it shall die the better it will be for its followers.

"Time has come when intelligent and considerate men will cast party lines to the winds to sustain the integrity of the national faith and the tranquility of business and trade. The Times will support no man for President in 1896 who is not squarely for honest money, for this is the paramount issue. The tariff question is settled, not only for the present but for the future.

"National and State credit must be established so clearly and positively that the whole world will accept it; failing in that we must pay our thousands of millions of obligations held abroad, not one-half of which could be paid with all the money of every kind now in existence in the country. That is the issue the Democracy must face, and it must face it now. If it fails to do so it must die. With the Democratic leaders rests the solution of the problem whether the present overthrow of Democracy shall be temporary chaos or death. Which shall it be?"

FREE PILLS.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by J. R. Smith, McOlive, J. H. Hill, Goldsboro, and all Druggists.

You've no Idea

How nicely Hood's Sarsaparilla hits the needs of the people who feel all tired out or run down from any cause. It seems to oil up the whole mechanism of the body so that all moves smoothly and work becomes delight. If you are weak, tired and nervous, Hood's Sarsaparilla is just what you need. Try it.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

She Did Not Suffer.

Three months before our first child my wife suffered so from cramps and pains she could not get in or out of the house without help, and was often in bed for two or three days at a time. I obtained a bottle of "Mothers Friend," and after the first application pains and cramps ceased. She continued to use the remedy and suffered no serious inconvenience until the hour of confinement—at which time she suffered but little pain—her recovery was rapid and complete—in fact, she suffered no pain after birth. Her friends say they never saw anything to equal her case. Truly "Mothers' Friend" is a blessing to expectant mothers, and my wife shall never be without it.

E. E. JOHNSTON,
Eufaula, Ala., Dec. 8, '94.

Mr. William C. McCall, died at Monroe last week. About a week ago he was helping up an almost worthless mule. As soon as the mule had been helped up, he kicked and struck Mr McCall in the abdomen with both feet. The injury resulted in death.

A Cotton Fertilizer.

Purchase only such fertilizers for cotton which contain at least 3 to 4% actual potash.

For Corn, Fertilizers should contain 6% Potash.

Poor results are due entirely to deficiency of Potash.

We will gladly send you our pamphlets on the Use of Potash. They are sent free. It will cost you nothing to read them, and they will save you dollars. GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau Street, New York.

THEY BOTH DIED FOR LOVE.

A Beautiful Girl and Her Lover Commit Suicide in Each Others Arms.

ST. LOUIS, April 19.—Louis Frank and Miss Kate Kolb, lovers who lived in this city, died for love in a horrible manner before day-light this morning, the man being the murderer and suicide by agreement.

Miss Kolb, a beautiful young woman, lay stretched upon the ground with her throat cut from ear to ear. By her side was the corpse of Frank whose face was horribly distorted by the agonies of death. His throat was was also cut from ear to ear.

At the feet of the bodies was an empty box labelled "rat poison."

The woman's hat lay crushed on the ground. Pinned to a ribbon was this note: "April 9. We have both decided to die together and if one or the other should happen to recover the other shall not be held responsible for the deed. We both are going to take poison and I will do the shooting. We are not doing this on account of any love affair, but simply because we do not want to live any longer. This is all we have to say, and hope there will be no trouble. We remain, as ever,

"Yours truly,
[Signed.] "MR. LOUIS FRANK,
"1934 Cherokee St.
"MISS KATE K—LB."

The girl's name was signed with a lead pencil, probably after they had reached the scene of the tragedy.

After swallowing the poison they had gashed their throats with the blade of a large clasp knife, and then the man had made doubly sure by firing a bullet into Kate's breast. He ended his own life in the same way.

Important to Merchants.

The Atlanta Journal of Commerce, published in Atlanta, Ga., is the only strictly commercial journal in the South. It is edited especially to interest the retail merchant, giving not only the latest news in commercial lines, but information on all points interesting to this particular class, and especially announcements from manufacturers and jobbers for their benefit. Every general storekeeper, banker and business man should be a subscriber. It is a handsome sixteen page publication, and said to be the neatest trade journal in the Southern States.

If you are interested send for a sample copy.

Address,
JOURNAL OF COMMERCE,
apr4—6t Atlanta, Ga.

A GREAT BAPTIST EVENT.

The Golden Jubilee of the Southern Baptists to be Held in May.

The Southern Baptist convention will meet in Washington on May 10th.

The Southern Baptist convention is one of the largest delegated religious bodies in the land, and perhaps the largest in the number of delegates appointed to the different affiliating associations.

The convention this year is called the "Golden Jubilee." Although this is the fiftieth year of the Southern Baptist convention, it is only the thirty-ninth session, as no convention was held from 1863 until 1866. Semi-annual conventions had been held up to 1863. It is proposed, in recognition of the golden jubilee of the convention, to make a special effort to increase the contributions of the churches to mission work.

The first session of the Southern Baptist convention was held in Augusta, Ga., on May 10th, 1845. The convention met last May in Dallas, Texas. The total number entitled to seats was 1,175, and there present 772 delegates.

The convention has connected with it 684 associations, 9,610 ordained ministers, 17,346 churches, 2 654,397 members, and 93,842 persons were baptized last year in the churches. The total white membership is 1,363,351, and the total colored membership is 1,291,046.

BLOODSHED IN BATH.

A Mob of Drunken Negroes Take Possession of the Historic Town.

Special to the News and Observer.]

WASHINGTON, N. C., April 22.

Saturday night, about 10 o'clock news reached here of a riot and race war at the historic town of Bath, about sixteen miles from here.

It seems that the negroes employed at the R. R. and L. Company, two miles below Bath, and negroes from the mills of A. R. Covington, several miles further on caused the trouble.

These negroes are paid off on Saturday, and usually go to Bath to spend their money. On several occasions they had been arrested for petty misdemeanors, and this had engendered bad blood, and they had made threats that they would go to Bath and take possession of it.

Accordingly, early in the night, about 100 of the negroes, with several of their most desperate leaders, went to Smith's bar, in Bath, and began to fill up on mean whiskey. By nine o'clock they were nearly half drunk, and the trouble began. They grew boisterous and indulged in the most profane and foul language, interspersed with threats of a serious character. Pistols were shot off in the streets and the negroes openly defied any attempt at arrest and declared that they would do as they pleased and the whole town of Bath could not prevent them.

Two skirmishes took place between the negroes and the town people in which several citizens were hurt. Some of the ring leaders were arrested and one of them is supposed to be fatally hurt, though he is at large. During the trouble, the military company at Washington was ordered to be under arms. The arrested ringleaders are in Washington jail.

ALL FREE.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life, Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at J. R. Smiths', McOlive J. H. Hill, Goldsboro, and all Druggist.

STATE NEWS.

Mrs. Z. B. Vance will attend the commencement exercises at Salem Female Academy. This famous old school has completed a memorial window to Hon. Zeb Vance, which will be presented at commencement.

The case of the State against the North Carolina railway was argued at Greensboro before Robert M Douglass, special master in chancery, as to the question whether its depots and certain other property shall be taxed. James Manning, of Durham, appeared for the State; R. H. Battle and A. W. Haywood for the private stockholders. Under a recent law this road is liable to taxation.

Saturday night the country store of Bob. Rollins, near Chalk Level, Harnett county, was entered, plundered and burned. Yesterday two men named Johnson and Driver were arrested, charged with the crime, and the evidence against them is alleged to be strong. They are in jail at Lillington. There was a fire in that county quite recently by which a tobacco barn owned by James Philips was destroyed. Philips thought tobacco stored in it had been stolen by the incendiaries and upon a search of the houses of Johnson and Driver a lot of the stolen tobacco was found.

In a fight in the lower end of Cherokee county, two brothers named Cross were killed and Neal Newman was dangerously wounded. A dance was in progress at the Cross home. Neal and Mac Newman were among the guests. Jake Cross, the head of the family, ordered the Newmans out of the house. They went out and were followed by Jim and Will Cross, brothers. Jake cross also went out and attacked Neal Newman, who stabbed Jim Cross fatally. Mac Newman shot and killed Will Cross. Neal Newman was shot in the back, but was able to escape with his brother across the Tennessee line.

The bituminous coal mines at Egypt have started up on full time and with a fine equipment throughout of new machinery. Fifty men are now employed and the daily output is 150 tons. In sixty days the force will be doubled. The machinery is working well. George W. Lacy, of Illinois, has just been made general manager.

At the commencement of Oak Ridge Institute (May 26, 27, and 28,) President John C. Kilgo of Trinity College, will preach the sermon, and Hon. E. W. Saunders, of the Virginia State Senate, will be the orator of the occasion. The school has been unusually prosperous this year. The graduating class (literary) numbers eighteen; the commercial, twenty two; and the short-hand, eight.

Dyspepsia and Indigestion

In their worst forms are cured by the use of P. P. P. If you are debilitated and run down, or if you need a tonic to regain flesh and lost appetite, strength and vigor, take P. P. P., and you will be strong and healthy. For shattered constitutions and lost manhood, P. P. P. [Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium] is the king of all medicines. P. P. P. is the greatest blood purifier in the world. For sale by all druggists.

CRITICISING A YOUNG LADY.

"She would be a pretty girl but for one thing."

"What's that?" asked Charley.

George—"Her face is always covered with purple and red blotches."

Charley—"Oh, that's easily enough disposed of. Used to be the same way myself, but I caught on to the trouble one day, and got rid of it in no time."

George—"What is it?"

Charley—"Simply blood eruptions. Took a short course of P. P. P. I tell you, it's the boss blood corrector. The governor had rheumatism so bad that you could hear him holler clear across the country every time he moved. He tried it, and you know what an athletic old gent he is now. If somebody would give Miss Daisy a pointer, she would thank them afterwards. All the drug stores sell it."

FREE TO JUSTICES OF THE PEACE

Fee Bill and Catalogue Legal Blanks.

EDWARDS & BROUGHTON,
PRINTERS & BINDERS,
Raleigh, N. C.

Will send postpaid, FREE OF CHARGE, a copy of the MAGISTRATE'S FEE BILL and CATALOGUE OF BLANKS TO BE USED, to any Magistrate who will send his address to them.

REMEMBER it is FREE OF CHARGE.

EDWARDS & BROUGHTON,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Bank Robbery at Roxboro.

ROXBORO, N. C., April 22—[Special to the News and Observer.]—Between Saturday afternoon and this morning the Farmers' bank was robbed of all the money on hand. The robbers entered through a window, opened a safe, took the money and then closed it as it had been before. There is no clue whatever, but the general impression is that it was done by some expert.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. R. Smith, Mt. Olive, N. C., J. H. Hill & Son, Goldsboro, N. C., R. H. Holliday, Clinton, N. C., and all Druggists.

Edgecombe Alliance Meeting.

For the Caucasian.]

TARBORO, N. C., April 17.—Edgecombe County Alliance will meet with Cocoa Alliance on May 1st. It will be a very important meeting. Members are requested to carry baskets with them. A speaker will be present to entertain the Alliance on the living issues of the day.

JAMES B. LLOYD,
Sec'y Edgecombe County Alliance.

To Craven County Sub-Alliances.

Brethren—As you failed to meet the Craven county Alliance on the second Thursday in April, please have your delegates meet us on Thursday May 9th 1895, at 11 o'clock a. m., at the court house in Newberne. Please act in this matter as we have business of importance to communicate to you.

Yours fraternally,
H. H. PERRY, President,
Craven County Alliance.
Thurman, N. C., April 16, '95.

The Cook's Puzzle

How to avoid sodden pastry?

The PROBLEM is SOLVED by the production of our NEW SHORTENING

COTTOLENE

which makes light, crisp, healthful, wholesome pastry.

Mrs. McBride, Marion Harland, and other expert Cooking authorities endorse COTTOLENE. YOU can't afford to do without COTTOLENE.

Made only by
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,
CHICAGO and ST. LOUIS.

NEW PASTRY COOK BOOK

By Miss Willis, Principal Baltimore Cooking School.

Cut out this coupon and mail it to THE RUMFORD CHEMICAL WORKS, Providence, R. I., giving your address plainly written. A copy will be sent FREE.

Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I.:

Please send me a copy of Miss Willis' New Pastry Cook Book, to which I am entitled by being a reader of the CAUCASIAN.

Name.....
Postoffice.....
County.....
State.....

To the Farmers of North Carolina.

Insure your property in The People's Mutual Fire Insurance Co., of North Carolina. The People's Company does no business in the business portion of incorporated towns; accepts detached property only, and can carry your risk for you at a very low rate of premium (about one-half of what you now pay.)

We want a few reliable men for agents; only those of good moral standing and undoubted responsibility need apply. Reference required.

For full information, write or apply to.

R. D APPLE,
Gen. Agt., Roxboro, N. C.
Mch 14—3 mos.

Send 10 cents (silver or stamps) and receive by return mail a number of money-making receipts. You can make money easily, rapidly and honestly. Address,

M. B. TAYLOR,
apr4—3ms Magnolia, N. C.

$1.00 EGGS. $1.00

Barred and White Plymouth Rock, Buff Cochin and Brown Leghornsat $1.00 per setting of 13.

T. B. PARKER, Goldsboro, N. C.
mch28 8t]

CHUFAS.

A limited quantity, clean and sound, 75c. per peck; $2.75 per bushel. Peck plants an acre. Use one sack guano and on poor land one acre will fatten 1,000 pounds of porks. Try them.

Also have mixed cow peas for sowing to sell. H. E. NEWBURY,
Magnolia, N. C.

Extra size Tube-Rose Bulbs, 40c. dozen, postpaid; much cheaper in quantities by express. Sure to please. feb21 6t

Frank Boyette, D. D. S.
DENTISTRY.

Office over Bizzell Bros. & Co's. store, West Centre and Walnut street.

Offers his services to the people of Goldsboro and vicinity. Everything in the line of dentistry done in the best style. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Terms strictly cash. Don't ask me to vary from this rule.
mch14

The "Hustlers" Still Hustling

In preparatory to taking an inventory on first of March, we will, from now till then, endeavor to make that work as light as possible by reducing our stock.

In order to do so we propose to give our customers

BARGAINS IN OUR LINE

That will convince them that we mean

WHAT WE SAY.

While we never make it a rule to sell for as small profits as it will justify us in doing

For the next sixty days we propose to make things "hustle."

Come and be convinced.

Ed. L. Edmundson & Bro.,
THE HUSTLERS,
Goldsboro, - - - North Carolina.

Orinoco Tobacco Guano

IS KING OF THE

COLDEN BELT.

Populists, Democrats, Republicans, all use it.

Manufactured by
F. S ROYSTER, Tarboro N. C.
mch14 6t

FARMERS, LOOK AT THIS!

With this canner I got at the rate of $640 per acre for tomatoes. Sold them as easily as cotton or any other crop. The parties who bought say they are as nice and fresh as when gathered from the vine.

Your fruit goes to waste.

Blackberries grow everywhere.

Tomatoes, corn and beans can be grown cheaply, and canned with this canner at your home, without hired help, will bring a better profit than anything else you can raise.

T. H. RANEY, Agt.,
mch7 2m Rialto, N. C.

Fertilizers! Fertilizers!!

We offer for sale the following well-known and well-tried Fertilizers on the most reasonable terms:

1000 Tons Prolific Cotton Grower,
200 " Prolific Truck Guano,
500 " FFF Guano,
500 " Gibb's High Grade Guano,
500 " Gibb's A. D. Bone,
1000 " Genuine German Kanit,
1000 " High Grade Acid Phosphate,
300 " Rock Lime,
100 " Salt.

Special inducements offered to dealers and large buyers.

Correspondence solicited.

H. WEIL & BROS.
GOLDSBORO, N. C.
feb 14 2ms

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING. $5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & CHANELLED CALF. $4 $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S. EXTRA FINE. $2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES. $3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas $3 & $4 Shoes
All our shoes are equally satisfactory
They give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.
The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole.
From $1 to $3 saved over other makes.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can. Sold by

HELLER BROS,
RALEIGH, N. C.

HOOD & BRITT,
GOLDSBORO, N. C.

THOS. PERRITT,
FAISON, N. C.

H. T. HAM.
MT. OLIVE. N. C.

"SPANISH KING,"

An Imported Black Spanish Jack.

For sale, one 2½-year-old Jack, out of imported "Spanish King," fourteen hands high, standard measure; ready for service, has been proven. Price $450.

One 2-year-old Jack, bred as above, measures thirteen and one-half hands standard, with three inches to grow. Guaranteed to serve. Price $3.

The Great Fight Is On

(Continued from first page.)

as well as the statistical and other information of an official nature at Washington that bears thereon.

HERE'S ANOTHER.

Hon. R. P. Bland states a few facts which are so forcible as to need no elaboration.

He says:

Mr. Cleveland says the line of battle is drawn between the friends of safe currency and those of silver mono-metallism. Mr. Cleveland, unfortunately for himself, his party, and his country, from the beginning of his administration drew the line sharply between the friends of bi-metallism and gold mono-metallism. In doing so he has forced upon thec ountry a state of affairs that is intolerable to the masses of our people. "Sound money" and "safe currency," &c., is but a twaddle of words. We all know that the goldites use these phrases to escape the unpopularity and utter disgust of the people with the single gold standard. Bi-metallism—this is the coinage of gold and silver—always gave to the people sound and safe money, and consequent prosperity.

Gold mono-metallism is a stench in the nostrils of the plain people. The gold standard may do for the bondholders and the bankers, but the sufferings of the industrial masses consequent from silver demonetization will not be endured longer without a struggle, the like of which this country has not seen since the late civil war.

Mr. Cleveland says if the sound money sentiment abroad in the land is to save us from mischief and disaster, it must be crystalized and combined, and made immediately active.

Mr. Cleveland must remember that the crystallization and combination of the gold standard sentiment and methods has brought disaster to the people of all gold standard countries, and this policy is now ruining this country. It is this state of things that has made his administration hateful to the masses of the American people.

Mr. Cleveland suggests that the people are in an unfortunate condition. Certainly they are, and this condition was predicted to happen as a result of his unrelenting war on silver as money.

His insinuations that the advocates of silver restoration are bent on wicked and unpatriotic purposes may do for those whose environments are such as to prevent them from seeing and knowing the utter poverty and distress that is prevailing among the masses of the people, but those who live in the midst of this distress, and see daily that the people are suffering will repel with scorn such insinuations. We believe the restoration of silver is necesary for the welfare of our country, and so believing, no abuse from sources, however high or arrogant, will deter us from our purpose.

And so the great fight is on. Inform yourself; find out the facts; take no side on account of sentiment or prejudice. That kind of armor will be too weak for this fray. The truth is available. Find it out. Form your conclusions; choose your side, fall in line, make ready for the great struggle for country and humanity, and "God defend the right."

HE PLEASES THE BANKS.

The President's Letter Made a "Key-note" for Their Action--They Will Hold a Convention in the South.

NEW YORK, April 16.—President Cleveland's appeal for "sound money" organization met with responses today at the meeting of the committue on programme for the twenty-fifth annual convention of the American bankers' association, to be held *at Atlanta*, October 15, 16 and 17th. The meeting was held at the National Bank of the Republic. It had been called several weeks ago. None of the committee supposed at that time that anything would be proposed, except details relating to the order of proceedings.

There were present: William H. Rawn, president of the National Bank of the Republic, Philadelphia; W. T. Dixon, president of the National Exchange bank, Baltimore; William C. Cornwell, president of the City bank, Buffalo; J. Edward Simmons, president of the Fourth National, New York; J. J. Odell, president of the Union National bank, Chicago, and E. H. Pullen, vice-president of the National Bank of the Republic, New York.

A suggestion that the American bankers' association should use its active influence in favor of "sound money" was unanimously approved, and the committee set aside the routine work laid out for it and applied itself to discussing the functions that it might properly exercise in adapting the convention programme to practical purposes in this connection.

The session of the committee was executive, but it was learned that each member signified his approval of the plan to make the convention in the highest degree useful to the public as a guide and educator in accordance with the *advice in the President's letter*.

It seemed to the committee that much good might be done under a wisely developed plan especially since the convention would be held on the eve of the fall elections. Having devoted almost all of today's session to the subject, the committee will invite suggestions regarding it from bankers, with the view of shaping a plan for action at another meeting.

In the Shadow of Plutocracy.

General L. S. Brice, in the North American Review, March, 1889, said:

"We are living in the shadow of an unbridled plutocracy, caused, created and cemented in no slight degree by legislative, aldermanic and congressional action; a plutocracy that is far more wealthy than any aristocracy that has ever crossed the horizon of the world's history, and one that has been produced in a shorter consecutive period; the names of whose members are emblazoned, not on the pages of their nation's glory, but of its peculations; who represent no struggle for their country's liberties, but for its boodle; no contests for magna charta, but railroad charters; and whose octopus grip is extending over every branch of industry; a plutocracy which controls the price of the bread that we eat, the price of the sugar that sweetens our cup, the price of the oil that lights us on our way, the price of the very coffins in which we are finally buried."

What a sad comment on our institutions! Yet every man that reads it knows that it is true. There is scarcely an article in the long list of what might be termed necessities, the price of which is not fixed by a trust that levies tribute on the people with as much rapacity, if less danger, than the barons of feudal ages. We may well inquire, where will it end? The trusts are nourished in the fostering care of the two great political parties that have been shaping the destinies of this nation. The people seem to be paralyzed with poverty and discouraged by repeated deception. There is only one party in the field today that the trusts and corporations are fighting. It is the People's Party. To it the masses may look for succor from the domination of plutocracy.

KINDLY ASK A NEIGHBOR TO BECOME A SUBSCRIBER. IF HE WANTS TO KNOW FACTS HE CAN GET THEM, AND LOTS OF THEM DURING THE YEAR.

DO YOU READ?

DO YOU THINK?

Would your good wife like an elegant illustrated Monthly Magazine?
If not, do you not think your son or daughter would?

If so, you can gratify them. THE CAUCASIAN has made clubbing arrangements with two of the most delightful and popular Magazines in the country. They are

Southern Magazine
—AND—
The Blue and Gray

Both are artistically illustrated and are full of the productions of the best writers and artists of the day.

THE SOUTHERN MAGAZINE will delight your daughter. THE BLUE AND GRAY will instrnct and enthuse your son. Either will be an eagerly looked for and welcomed visitor by every member of your family.

THE SOUTHERN MAGAZINE

The general character of this Magazine is shown by the following extracts from various papers:

It should have a hundred thousand readers within the next year.—*Galveston News.*

THE SOUTHERN MAGAZINE is, by all odds, the handsomest, the most ambitious, and the most attractive magazine that ever bore a Southern mark, and is a worthy vehicle of the best contemporary talent.—*Memphis (Tenn.) Commercial Appeal.*

THE SOUTHERN MAGAZINE has made for itself a place among the best magazines of the country, and is sure to hold it. It is a favorite, not only in the South, but in all parts of the country.—*Savannah (Ga.) News.*

This magazine is fairly representative of the literary culture of the South, especially among the best classes.—*Boston Herald.*

THE SOUTHERN MAGAZINE has a field peculiarly its own, and fills it most admirably. The distinctive flavor of "Dixie" is a most entrancing feature, and one we, even from a Northern standpoint, would much regret to lose.—*Fairmount (Minn.) News.*

Its high tone and literary character, its excellent print and fine illustrations place the SOUTHERN in the front ranks of the magazines of the day.—*Annapolis (Md.) Capital.*

Every reader is charmed with it. Its tone is lofty. It educates and cultivates, and is a special favorite with ladies, as well as a bright and interesting periodical for men.

The BLUE and GRAY

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SOME CONTENTS FOR APRIL, 1895,
AND SUCCEEDING ISSUES.

THE TEXTILE SCHOOLS OF AMERICA.
This paper will be of special interest to young people seeking a profitable avocation, and will be fully illustrated.

IN A WAR ARTIST'S STUDIO.
A beautifully illustrated article, describing one of the most notable collections of war art and war relics in existence. Reproductions of some of the most thrilling battle scenes will accompany this paper.

FACTS AND FALLACIES IN FINANCE.
It is doubtful whether any series of magazine articles has attracted more comment, both favorable and adverse, than the series contributed by Mr. William Penn, Jr., under the above caption. Antagonizing all forms of "commodity money," gold and silver alike, Mr. Penn has separated himself from the two great contending interests, both of which he asserts to be illogical, unphilosophical, un-American, and unpatriotic.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—A CITY WITH A HISTORY. BY FLEETWOOD GRUVER.
This brief history of a noted Southern city, written by one of her most gifted literary sons, will be enjoyed by our whole circle of readers. The illustrations will comprise scenes of historic interest.

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The important series of articles written by a participant, under a *nom de plume*, and which has already created so much interest in army circles, will be continued for several issues.

THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTION AND THE DUTIES OF AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP.
We announce with unusual pleasure the resumption of Mr. Bruce T. Calvert's discussion of the topic named above. This series was begun in 1893 and continued in 1894, but the publication has been unavoidably interrupted in each year.

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Irrepressible Revolution

(Continued from first page.)

publican defection and plenty of it. Congressman Hepburn, of Iowa, a stalwart Republican, says so. The permanency and extent of it, he says, depends upon the currency plank in the National Republican platform. That, in his opinion, will be a strong declaration in favor of conditional bi metallism. It may be an attenuative declaration—pledging the Republican party to independent bimetallism upon certain contingencies. "Contingencies" mean the failure of Germany and Great Britain to adopt

INTERNATIONAL BI-METALLISM.

Mr. Hepburn is not certain, he says, that this will satisfy the Republican silver sentiment in the Western States, but it will check, he thinks, the impending revolt. Such a thing as international be metallism may be possible, but there is no immediate prospect of that cosummation. Behind the demand for silver remonetization in Germany is the German wheat grower. Agitation has compelled the Reichstag to suggest a monetary conference. The German government is trifling with its wheat growers just as the Chicago platform trifled with the wheat and cotton growers in this country. The action of the Reichstag has no significance as effecting an international agreement to restore silver Sooner or later the German farmer will realize that they are being buncoed, just as their American cousins have been deceived and misled by juggling and lying platform promises. And see with what alacrity even England adopts a resolution looking to a monetary conference!

When Mr. Everett moved his resolution in the House of Commons, which pledged the government to accept whatever invitations might be extended for a bimetallic conference, there was not a suggestion of opposition even from Sir William Harcourt. The acquiescence was ready and gracious. Whether it was from fear of the Manchester spinners who are clamoring for a bi-metallic currency, or from a certain knowledge that no invitation would be extended is immaterial. There is little prospect of an international conference, and in the event one is convened, there is not the slightest expectation that it will end differently from other monetary conferences The Cleveland movement is adverse to a conference and the discovery of a vital defect in the Senate resolution authorizing the appointment of a commission was quickly made. An international conference is a forlone hope, and it is not likely that the people, Democrats or Republicans, who favor the remonetization of silver, will be long deceived in the matter. The question of momentous concern to them is how to effect it as an independent American policy. Through which party organization can it be accomplished? In North Carolina, for instance, can the Democratic party, controlled and directed by Cleveland influences—under Ransom's leadership—be trusted to do it? Paradoxical. J. B. H.

Grover's Sermon.

And seeing how the multitudes had voted for him, he cast aside his fishing pole and went up into the White House. And when he was set down and had tapped a fresh bottle of beer, he opened his mouth and taught his disciples, saying:

Blessed are the poor, for they shall be poorer.

Blessed are the rich, for they shall be made richer, and shall taste of the good things of this world.

Blessed are those who expect nothing, for they shall not be disappointed.

Blessed is the campaign liar, for he is our main dependence.

Blessed are the weak, for they shall be kicked off the face of the earth.

Blessed are they who hunger, for they shall have plenty of company.

Blessed are ye when men shall revile you and persecute you, for ye shall have a post-office.

Blessed is the man who subscribes to the campaign fund, for he shall receive a hundred fold more than he gave.

Blessed is the thief, for he shall have abundant opportunities to steal.

Blessed is the lobbyist, for he pays well and shall have the fat of the land.

Blessed are the Wall street bankers for their's is the kingdom of earth.

Ye are the salt of the earth; therefore, salt down everything in sight.

Ye are the light of the world, for you carry torches in every campaign.

Let your torchlight so shine before men that they can see the rooster on your shoulder and glorify your Uncle Grover.

Take heed that you provide soup houses for the poor, for a hungry man is liable to blow you up with dynamite.

After this manner shall you pray: "Our political father who art in Washington, Cleveland be thy name. Thy Congress come; thy will be done in the regular sessions as in the extra ones. Give us this day our usual cussing. Forgive us our political sins, even as we forgive the reformers who sin against us. Lead us not into the temptation of riches, but deliver us into poverty, for thine is the pie, the offices and the veto power, forever. Amen."—Exchange.

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If you are a tired bread-winner it will amuse and enliven you with stories of travel, with quaint and beautiful mythological legends, and with the facts about animals and flowers.
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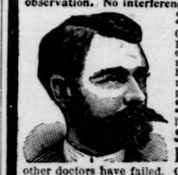

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Forsyth county Alliance,	10 00
Nash County Alliance	5 00

Mr. Stewart to the President.

[Continued From First Page.]

such vague generalities as you yourself employ, and that if you have no reason for maintaining the gold standard which will benefit your cause, then nobody else has?

"Under these circumstances, if your gold combination is to be successful, you must find some way of satisfying the people that it is right for them to be poor and miserable, if thereby they can secure the smiles of the manipulators of an alien gold trust; and that if five-cent cotton and fifty cent wheat are agreeable to the Rothschilds, the people of the United States are sufficiently compensated for any sacrifice they may make.

"In conclusion, I assure you that when your long-delayed argument in favor of the gold standard appears, I shall take great pleasure in calling your attention to any matters you may inadvertently omit which are necessary for your case.

Yours most respectfully,
WILLIAM M. STEWART.
The President, Executive Mansion, Washington.

THE GREAT CONGRESS.

The Popular Opinion of the "Departed" Body as Expressed by Many People.

The situashun doun here iz from bad tu wurse. Thare ain't enny prosperity here at taul. This iz the thurd sope makin time sinse the Demikrats got a chanse, but things is wurser than tha ever wuz. Kongres iz adjourned and gone home. Tha dident adjurn themselves, but old father Time told 'em tu git. The peeple ort tu hev told 'em that long ago. Yes, the fifty-third Kongres is ded. Peece be tu its ashes. It wood hev bin munny in our pockets if it had dide bed it was born. It iz sed that "the good that men du lives after 'em; the evil iz inturred with thare bones." I wood tu God this cood be sed uv the 53rd Congress. It would be the biggest buryin uv the sentury. It wood be the happiest funeral that ever ockurred. It wood be the most impozing obsequize ever witnessed. The seramonies wood be the most elaborate uv ennything ever hurd uv. The biggest konkorse up peepel wood foller the corpse or the corpses tu the grave that ever assembled on enny okkashun.—Tobe Spilkins.

Congress? Oh, yes; it has gone home, and the free passes can now rest. Your treasury is empty; your taxes are higher; your national debt is larger; your national expenditures are greater; your supply of currency is smaller; your volume of national trade has shrunken; your struggle for life has grown more desperate; your commodity sells at half price; your debt eats twice as much as it did; your tax works you two days when it used to be content with one. Such is the fruit of the Democratic Congress. Do you want more of the same kind? If so, just whirl in and elect the Republicans. The tree is the same—and so will the fruit be.—People's Party Paper.

The Senate of the United States has become a nest of offensive aristocrats."—Western Rural, Chicago.

The frequency of questions of constitutionality is remarkable. When all other resources have been exhausted, the opponents of a measure are likely to question its constitutionality, and not infrequently with success. It is remarkable how widely one may misunderstand the main stay of our government, how widely two may differ, how ignorant of it both may be. Not one man in ten thousand in North Carolina can stand a thorough examination on our State or National constitutions. It has really been very difficult to get a copy of the former.

If anything shall be taught in our schools, let it be knowledge of our government. Intelligent citizenship is the safeguard against a thousand ills. The constitution of North Carolina should be thoroughly known to every child in the State and every man. It may be good policy to leave certain matters of law to lawyers, but it is improvident not to master so much of it as pertains to citizenship.—Biblical Recorder.

The warehouse of the Ada cotton mills at Charlotte was burned last week. There were 848 bales of cotton in the warehouse. The loss was about $70,000.

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PRICKLY ASH, POKE ROOT AND POTASSIUM
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